



THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1772.

To the PUBLIC.

M. R. TIMOTHY, late Publisher of this GAZETTE, having already vouched for our Abilities and Inclination, to conduct and continue the same, so as to give general Satisfaction; it remains for us now, only to endeavour to justify what he has advanced; to lay before the Great Public a Sketch of the Plan we have adopted; and to submit the Merit of the Execution to their Candour, and to Time—flattering ourselves that, instead of doing LESS than we here promise (as some of our Profession have done) we shall be assiduous to perform MORE.

In the first Place.—It is our determined Resolution, that nothing shall prevent the REGULAR Publication of this Gazette, EVERY THURSDAY.—The Advantage of which, to Advertisers especially, is obvious.

No Pains or Cost have been, or shall be, spared, to establish such an extensive Correspondence, as must ALWAYS enable us to present our Readers with the EARLIEST and BEST Intelligence from ALL the distant Quarters of the Globe, without being obliged *usually* to PILFER from our Neighbours.

Particular Attention will be paid to public Matters in this Province, and its Vicinity—in which we have been promised the Assistance of many Gentlemen; and we shall be obliged to every other, that will afford his Aid to render this Part of our Plan complete.—But we must rely upon the Authenticity of their Communications; for, we are determined NEVER to insert a *known* Falshood, nor to trust to the prolific Channel of common Report;—though it is well known, that Printers are not INFALLIBLE, and are often misinformed; wherefore, should we at any Time be found guilty of marrying Persons contrary to their Inclinations, no Pope shall be more indulgent, for a Divorce shall be instantly granted; or should we, by Accident, send any Persons out of the World before their appointed Time, they shall be immediately recalled, and restored to the Living, as far at least as the *restoring Powers* of this Gazette can do it.

Acknowledging ourselves to be Servants of the Public, it shall be our constant Endeavour to gain their Favour; for we are convinced, that it is from them alone we can expect Support.—And therefore, we shall exclude from our Paper all PERSONAL SCANDAL, and whatever shall be repugnant to TRUTH and DECENCY.—PARTIALITY WE shall avoid as much as the Circumstances of the Times will admit: If we should however at some Periods be found to lean a LITTLE, we hope it may prove on that Side which will meet with an easy Justification.—But this we faithfully promise, and are determined to perform, whenever PUBLIC Characters appear deserving of GENERAL Detestation, neither Promises of Reward, or Threats of Punishment, shall prevent our exposing them to public Scorn and Contempt. In short, we hope, by our Impartiality and Assiduity, to be able to furnish our Readers with a Paper that will prove both USEFUL and ENTERTAINING: For we have heard the Complaints of the Public, and seen the Defects of others, and will be bold to assert (without meaning to raise a Fabric on their Ruins). That the Public have NEVER been served with that IMPARTIALITY, SPIRIT, and REGULARITY, they had a Right to expect. If THEY have succeeded on THEIR Plans, we have the more Reason to hope for Success from ours, as we come prepared to avoid the Faults they have fallen into:—So that however it may happen, whether the Public will be benefited, by what we intend to present them with; or, whether we shall stir up THEM to improve their own Plans, and make them more careful of pleasing, we shall think our Labour well bestowed.

All Articles of Intelligence, Essays, Poems, &c. from the Ingenious, will be thankfully received, and inserted *gratis*; provided they are consistent with our above-mentioned Plan, and are calculated either for IMPROVEMENT or ENTERTAINMENT. Those who will favour us with their ADVERTISEMENTS, may depend on their being faithfully inserted, and exhibited to the Reader's Eye in as conspicuous a Manner as their different Matters will permit, and REGULARLY continued in EVERY Week's Gazette, 'till their ordered Time is expired.

New Advertisements.

On WEDNESDAY the 13th of MAY, Instant, and the Two following EVENINGS,

Will be SOLD by Auction, By **NICHOLAS LANGFORD**, A valuable Collection of BOOKS. Including the Library of a deceased CLERGYMAN, And those of a PHYSICIAN leaving the Province. A printed CATALOGUE will be distributed previous to the Sale.

JUST IMPORTED, Bohea, Green, & Hyson Tea, Chosen by a good Judge from a very large Quantity, and are of an extra QUALITY:

WITH A VARIETY OF Manchester and Linen ARTICLES, Will be sold CHEAP, especially for Cash, and when a Quantity is taken to sell again.

Hawkins, Petrie, & Co.

SPERMACETI CANDLES, AND

A few BARRELS of exceeding good RHODE-ISLAND BEER, To be SOLD, by **NATHANIEL RUSSELL**.

JOHN JAMES,

AT HIS STORE ON ROWAND'S WHARF, Has just imported in the Brig. CHARLES-TOWN PACKET, SAMUEL WRIGHT Master, from PHILADELPHIA,

LEWIS's superfine FLOUR in Barrels, Half Barrels and Kegs; Hopkins's Mills, Butter and Water Bread, Ship Bread; salt-petred Hams; Horse Collars and Hames; INDIAN CORN; Cyder; Cyder-Royal; Double and Single Beer, in Barrels and Half Barrels; Boxes of Mustard; some very neat round Top and high Back WINDSOR-CHAIRS, &c. &c.

ATKINSON & SYKES,

Have just imported in the Brigantine Charles-Town Packet, Samuel Wright Master, from PHILADELPHIA,

SUPERFINE FLOUR in Barrels and Half Barrels; Ship and Pilot BREAD; Milk, Water and Butter BISKET; sweet CYDER, and a few Hundred Bushels of INDIAN CORN, to be sold at their Store in Broad-Street, on the most reasonable Terms.

JAMES OLIPHANT,

Has just imported in the CAROLINA-MERCHANT, Captain MASKALL, from LONDON,

A VARIETY of JEWELLERY, WITH SOME PLATE: Which he will sell on the most REASONABLE TERMS, at his Shop on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE, N. B. Amongst the above, is a neat Assortment of CUTTEAUX DE CHASSE.

William Glen and Son,

Have just imported in the UNION, Captain COOMBS, from LONDON,

A general and complete Assortment of European & East-India Goods, (Suitable to present SEASON)

Which they will sell on the most REASONABLE TERMS that can possibly be afforded, at their Stores in Elliott Street, Among which they Particularize the following:

A Great Variety of printed Linens, Cottons, and Calicoes; English and India Chins, some with Borders; Irish Sheetings, and other Linens, of all Prices; flowered, Clear, Pistol, and Long Lawns; Cambricks; Mullins; Damask and Diaper Table-Cloths; Huckaback; Dimities; Dowls;—A great Variety of Checks, Stripes, and Cotton Hollands; Ofenbrugs; Fustians; Jeans; Thicksets; Princes Stuffs; India Nankeens; Damasks; Calimancoes; Durants; Tammies; Sagatbies;—A great Choice of the most fashionable superfine Broad and other Cloths, with suitable Trimmings; Cotton, Linen, and Silk Handkerchiefs; black Barcelona Cravats and Handkerchiefs;—A Variety of Mens, Womens, Boys, and Girls Silk, Cotton, and Thread Hosiery; Womens Calimanco Shoes and Pumps; Leather Ditto; Breeches Patterns; Thread and Silk Pavilion Gauze;—A Variety of India Perfumery, Taffaties, and other Silks; Stuff for Ladies Petticoats, wove like Quilting; Turned Stays; black and Blond Laces; Head Lace and Edgings;—A Variety of Ribbons; Ferris; Bindings; Gartering; Tapes; Threads; Laces; Sewing Silks; Fans; Needles; Pins, &c.—Men's Beaver and Felt Hats; Ladies Riding and Silk Ditto; Spices of all Sorts; Black Pepper; Fig and Powder Blue; Poland and Common Starch; very fine Bohea Tea; Loaf-Sugar; Salad Oil; Family Medicines; Paints of all Colours; Linseed Oil; Glue; Window Glass; short and long Pipes; Iron Pots; Steel; Bar Iron; Bar Lead and Shot; Gun-Powder; Nails of all Sorts; Locks; Hinges, and other Articles for Building; Hoes; Axes; Sieves; Mill-Saws; Cross-cut and Whip Saws, and other Plantation Tools; Sets of Desk and Chest-of-Drawers Furniture; Brafs and Box Castors, and other Articles for Cabinet Ware; Carpenters and Coopers Tools;—A great Variety of Cutlery, Ironmongery, Saddlery, Braslery, and Stationary, blue and white, and enamelled China; Queen's and Stone Ware; Glass of all Sorts; Horn Tumblers; Brushes and Brooms; Shoe Thread and Spinel; Horse Hair Seating; Portmanteau Trunks, &c. &c. N. B. RUM of all Sorts, MUSCOVADO SUGAR, COFFEE, PIMENTO, &c.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF **BAMPFIELD & OWEN**, Expired the First INSTANT:

THEY request all those indebted to them, to settle to their Satisfaction, by the first of July next; and will be obliged to their Friends for their Custom to **JOHN OWEN, & Comp.** The present Firm of the House.

ROBERTS & TAYLOR HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

A handsome London-made Riding-Chaise; WHICH will be sold very cheap for Cash or short Credit.—Likewise, Womens black Calimanco, Brocade and Satin PUMPS.—Childrens red and black Leather ditto;—broad Hoes and Rice Sieves;—a Quantity of OSNABRUGS, IRISH and CHECK LINEN, bought remarkably cheap, will be sold at Nine for One, Cash.

THREE NEGRO FELLOWS, Coopers, to be SOLD, at the Vendue House, on TUESDAY the Nineteenth Instant.—Credit will be given to the First of January next, paying Interest, and giving Security if required. May 5, 1772. **OATS & RUSSEL.**

Messrs. POWELL & HUGHES, By inserting the following in your first Paper, you will oblige many, particularly ALL ENGLISHMEN.

LITERARY ARTICLE.

Proper to be prefixed to an EXTRACT inserted in the second Page of the General Gazette of the 30th of March last; without which, MR. ROBERT WELLS, the PUBLISHER of that Paper, might possibly be charged with a blameable Partiality to the Productions of Scotland.

THE Spirit of Study and Learning continued longer in England than amongst other Nations. Nevertheless, if we separate England, properly so called, from the other Kingdoms which unite in Great-Britain, it must be confessed that even there we may discover the Vestiges of the inevitable Fate of human Affairs. Therefore, should we reckon the English alone, the Number of good Writers would be found to be much less at present than it was about thirty Years ago, were it not that the Deficiency in London and the Country South of the Tweed is fortunately supplied by Scotland, whose Inhabitants, forming but one Nation with the English, and speaking the same Language, do not suffer any Diminution or Delay in the Study of the fine Arts to become sensible to other Nations.

Scotland in the Course of many Ages scarcely furnished a single Author of Note in the Annals of Literature. At the Time when Letters flourished in all the Provinces of Europe by the new Lights which they received in the 16th Century, the untimely and distracted Reign of MARY STUART produced a Buchanan no less remarkable for the malicious Aspersions, wherewith he has, in his History of Scotland, blasted the Memory of his Queen, than for his elegant Latin Poems, particularly his Paraphrase of the Psalms of David. A Genius of this Kind, who to flatter a foreign Queen defamed his own natural Sovereign, was neither capable nor worthy of leaving Disciples after him, and implanting in his Country a Taste for Letters. JAMES VI; after his Accession to the Throne of England took no Care to promote the liberal Arts in the Kingdom when he first began to reign. Nor was a Prince, who by Pung and Antitheses aspired at Reputation among the Wits of England and France, at all qualified to polish and instruct the Scotch, who were so little acquainted with Letters. And every one knows that CHARLES II, in his embroiled and unhappy Reign could not be much at Leisure to attend to the Propagation and Advancement of Literature.

Under CROMWELL, the violent Disputes of Puritanism left the Scots but little Time to apply themselves to more agreeable and polite Studies. CHARLES II, afterwards had more particular Motives for regarding Scotland as a foreign Country. Besides, the depraved and effeminate Kind of Learning, which was most acceptable to this King, was but ill adapted for fixing the Foundations of Letters where they were wanting. Among the many and famous Writers who flourished in the Time of Queen ANN, there appeared not one who was a Native of Scotland. In short, for two whole Centuries after the universal Revival of Letters, no one could have imagined that this Kingdom was to become so eminent in Science and Erudition. A learned Irishman, with his Zeal and Knowledge, and a noble and generous Duke, were particularly destined by Heaven to be the Instruments of raising to Perfection, in these cold and Northern Regions, what was before foolishly supposed to be capable of thriving only in the warmer Climes of Asia Minor, Greece and Italy. Francis Hutcheson, who came to Scotland to teach Philosophy and Belles Lettres in the University of Glasgow, by his Lectures and the excellent Works which he printed, diffused through the whole Country a spirited Genius for the Philosophical and literary Studies, and scattered therein those fertile seeds which were productive of such happy and plentiful Fruits. Archibald Campbell, Duke of Argyll, gave every Encouragement to those who applied themselves to Study, and finally protected the University of Glasgow, which thenceforward became one of the most illustrious and famous in Europe.

New Advertisements.

Exceeding good Madera Wine, Muscovado Sugar, Jamaica and West-India Rum, to be sold by **THOMAS EVELEIGH**.

To be SOLD, On THURSDAY the Fourteenth of MAY, Instant, A CARGO OF

One Hundred & Ninety-Seven HEALTHY & PRIME SLAVES,

JUST arrived in the Snow MARY, WILLIAM LAVERDY, Master, directly from SIERRA-LEON, by **ANDREW LORD**.

Twelve Months Credit (without Interest) will be given.

To be SOLD, On FRIDAY the Fifteenth of MAY Instant, A CARGO OF

One Hundred and One HEALTHY & PRIME SLAVES,

JUST arrived in the Bark MOLLY, JOHN MOORE, Master, directly from GAMBIA, a Rice Country, by **ANDREW LORD**.

Twelve Months Credit (without Interest) will be given.



enough to hunt out for a number of persons whose lives were rendered very precarious, and then insured them for different sums with the Underwriter, who was so incautious as to take a representation of their cases from himself, by which means he obtained from the plaintiff, at different times, the sum above specified, as well as several sums of greater consequence from others. The Jury, after receiving a very circumstantial charge from the Judge, retired, and, in about an hour and a half, brought in a verdict to the effect of the policies. This determination will not only establish a precedent for the other Underwriters to recover their property, but, it is hoped, will put a stop to so iniquitous a practice.

The sum of 55,195l. remaining in the Exchequer, will be applied towards the supply;—39,725l. will be granted for the ordinary of the Navy, and half-pay for Sea and Marine Officers; and 175,939l. will be granted for building and repairing ships.

FEBRUARY 21.

On Saturday last came on at the Old Bailey, the trial of Joshua Dudley, who was indicted for perjury, in an affidavit he had sworn to before a Magistrate, wherein he asserted, that he was employed to set fire to the store-houses at Portsmouth. He was set to the bar, and acknowledged himself sensible of the heinousness of the perjury with which he stood charged; upon which the Court permitted him to withdraw his plea of not guilty; and he immediately pleaded guilty, and begged for transportation.

Tuesday Mr. Oliver presented a Bill to the Lower Assembly, to make freehold estates affect to pay simple contract debts, which was read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time.

A petition of the Duke of Beaufort, and other honourable Gentlemen belonging to the Society of Free and Accepted Masons, has been presented to the House of Commons, setting forth, that they have given, from voluntary contributions, to their distressed brethren, annually upwards of 600l. for some years past, and are possessed of a fund of 1300l. Bank annuities, besides ready money not invested, and the grand fund for building a Hall; that the Society have it in contemplation to build a Hall, and also Alms-houses for necessitous people; and in order to prosecute that good end, have prayed that leave may be given to bring in a Bill for incorporating and making a body politic the said Society.—The House has granted their request, and a Bill is ordered in, according to the prayer of the petition.

The sole questions that have engaged the attention of the head servants of the East-India Company are, how much money shall I put in my pocket?—how many sons, nephews or dependants shall I provide for at the expense of the miserable inhabitants of Bengal, &c. natives or British?—

In the pocket of a Footman to a Lady of fashion, (who, it seems, had purchased the chance of a ticket in the late lottery) was found the following curious memorandum, viz. "When I get the Ten Thousand Pounds I'll marry Bett Jonson, but because he was kony and lacy, I'll use her lyke a Servant—the shall bring me evry Morning a Mug of strong Beer with a Toft, Nutmeg and Sugar—then sleep til Ten, when I'll have a Sack Posit—have Dinner on Table precisely at Won—Lay in a Sice of Wine and Brandy—about Five have Tarts and Gellies and a Gallen Boul of Punch—a hot Supper of too Dishes, and if in a good Humour aske Bett to sit down—Go to bed at Twelve."

FEBRUARY 24.

By the last dispatches brought over from Ireland, our Ministry have had the great mortification to find themselves again defeated by the House of Commons there, who have again out-voted the Castle by *majority* votes, declaring the appointment of the five new Commissioners illegal.

Friday the Bill for regulating the future marriages of the Royal Family was presented by Lord Rochford to the House of Lords, and read a first time.

At the Court of Common Council, on Thursday last, Mr. Townsend spoke in support of Mr. Sawbridge's intended motion in the House of Commons, for shortening the duration of Parliaments. He intimated, in the course of the debate, that notwithstanding the disgust he had received, and the differences subsisting, he should prosecute with vigour the matter respecting the land-tax, which is now before the Court of King's Bench. Mr. Alderman Kennet moved, that application might be made to the Court of Aldermen for a Common Hall. Mr. Wilkes observed on the utility of the measure; and said that he could assure the Alderman, that nothing but a flat denial was to be expected from that quarter. Mr. Alderman Kennet begged Mr. Wilkes to "answer for himself only." Mr. Wilkes observed, that the Court would bear testimony to the truth of his assertion; and further added, the proposer of the measure will be the first to put a negative on it. And now, Sir, said Mr. Wilkes, "Do you answer for yourself?"

We are told that a very singular discovery, with regard to engraving the Rioters at Brentford, has lately been made by accident, and that the very agreement in writing between an unpopular Gentleman and the Irish Chairmen can now be produced.

Capt. Balfour is appointed to the command of his Majesty's ship Royal Oak, of 74 guns, at Portsmouth, in the room of Captain Schuidham.

It is said that the honour of Knighthood will very soon be conferred upon Mr. Thurlow, his Majesty's Attorney-General.

On Saturday last Capt. Ommalley was appointed to the command of his Majesty's ship Panther of 60 guns.

Saturday morning a merchant of this city stopped payment, on account of the extravagancies of his wife.

COPENHAGEN, February 1. The proceedings against the State Prisoners go on very slowly, owing to the great number of papers that have been taken from some of them, which must all be examined. It seems as if some act of despair was expected from them, because they are even forbid to smoke Tobacco. Count Struensee is the person against whom the people are most enraged; they carry their animosity against him to such a pitch, that they cry his name about the streets, and whoever refuses to buy it is looked upon as his friend, and insulted. In short, the two Struenses are confined as the authors of all our present calamities, though it is well known that the Count has redressed many grievances, and endeavoured to redress more. Baron de Buloz and his lady are ordered to quit this city.

FEBRUARY 2. This day his Majesty appeared again in public. The Count de Struensee has also this day undergone his last interrogatories before the Commission named for that purpose, in a house in the citadel, the bridges of which were drawn up to prevent people from crowding to see him; the animosity of the populace is increasing continually against him.—A

new commission is soon to be appointed, who are scrupulously to examine into every act of administration for a year and a half past, and to report what part merits to be annulled.

FLORENCE, February 4. The excessive rains, which have been almost continual for above a month past, have done very great damage in many parts of this state, as well as all over Italy.

TURIN, February 8. The quantity of snow that has lately fallen on the mountains is astonishing and unusual: Mount Cenis has more than once been totally impassable for four or five days; and the snow is said to lie, in many places, fifty feet deep.

PARIS, February 14. It is said that the Spanish Ambassador has lately had a private audience of the King, in which the Jesuits were brought in question, the dissolution of which society his Catholic Majesty is determined not to give up.

DUNKIRK, February 20. This day a placard was fixed up in different parts of the town, prohibiting the exportation of several kinds of provisions, on account of their high price and great scarcity. This is the first instance of a prohibition of this nature becoming necessary in any part of Flanders. Hitherto the market of this place, on account of the shipping and great concourse of strangers, has ever been considered by the country people as the greatest resource they had to dispose of their provisions, which they are now obliged to withhold, from a real scarcity of the necessaries of life.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 25.

It is remarkable, that of the five patriotic Members of the Council of Grenada, only one, viz. Mr. Wilkes, is English; three of them are Scotch, and one a French refugee.

It is pity something is not immediately done by Parliament to reduce the price of provisions, as the poor, who have large families, are actually in danger of starving.

FEBRUARY 26.

In a letter received on Saturday last from Berlin, by the way of Holland, there is advice that messengers are constantly passing between that Court and Copenhagen, and that the Danish Resident there has frequent conferences with his Prussian Majesty, and is in high favour at court.

It is said that Lord Viscount Beauchamp will be appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, in the room of Mr. Charles Fox.

The following is a copy of the laconic letter which Mr. Charles Fox sent to Lord North, previous to his resignation:

"MY LORD,

"YOU have grossly insulted me, and I will resent it. I am just now going to set out for St. James's, to resign my seat at the Navy Board to the King."

A considerable additional bounty is talked of to be granted in a few days on all foreign corn that shall be imported into Great-Britain. It is to be hoped it will be extended to other provinces.

A Great Person, it is said, will now put in his claim to the Savoy as Duke of Lancaster, which claim will be tried at the Court of Common Pleas next term.

This day his Majesty went in state to the House of Peers, and gave the Royal Assent to the following Bills, viz.

The Bill for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land tax, for the service of the present year.

The Bill to continue the duties on Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry.

The Bill for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better payment of the Army, &c.

The Bill for better regulating his Majesty's Marine Forces when on shore.

This morning the Duke of Northumberland had the honour of a private conference with his Majesty, at the Queen's palace. It is said his Grace's friends are coming into office.

We hear that Lord Chief-Justice De Grey is actually going to resign, on account of his infirm state of health, he not having been able to do any business since the last term, Mr. Justice Nares having sat for him.

This morning Mr. Justice Nares had a conference with the Lord Chancellor, immediately after which his Lordship went to Lord Mansfield; from which some say, that Mr. Justice Nares will be appointed Chief; but others think the Attorney or Solicitor General will be appointed; if the latter, some other changes will take place.

Extract of a letter from Bury St. Edmunds, dated Feb. 24.

An odd circumstance happened here on Thursday evening which makes much noise, and as it may be differently represented in the papers, the following is the real story, and may be depended on as a fact.

Some workmen who were employed in the ruins of the Abbey digging for stone, found a leaden coffin, made after the ancient custom, exactly the shape of the body. This had been enclosed in an oak case, which, by length of time, was decayed, but the lead remained quite perfect. On searching it close, it was found to be the body of Thomas Beaufort, Duke of Exeter, uncle to Henry the Fifth, and deposited there in 1427. The workmen opened the lead, and to their great surprize, found the flesh, hair, and toe and hand-nails, as perfect and found as though he had been dead but six hours.

A Surgeon in the neighbourhood was sent for, who made an incision on the breast, and declares the flesh cut as firm as in a living subject, and there was even an appearance of blood; multitudes of people were present and saw the same. At this time the corpse was not in the least noisome, but being exposed to the air, it presently became putrid and offensive. The workmen coming early on Friday morning, resolved to make prize of the lead, and therefore cut him out, tumbled him into a hole near at hand, and threw the dirt on him. Thus, in Shakespeare's phrase, was a great man knocked about the sconce with a dirty shovel.

"I forgot to mention above, that the corpse was done up in a pickle, and the head and face wrapped up in scar-cloth."

FEBRUARY 28.

A certain young gentleman has, it is said, upon promise of abjuring play, received 60,000l. to pay his debts from his father.

We hear that a parliamentary enquiry into the conduct of the East-India Company in Bengal was originally proposed by a great Personage, who was much shocked with the accounts he received of the oppressions exercised over the poor natives.

It is said that an additional duty of 1s. per pack is to be laid on cards.

Yesterday in the House of Commons Sir George Saville made his annual protest against the illegality and injustice of the proceeding with regard to the decision of the Middlesex Election; he said that the House was severely stung by its own judgment, that we had cut the very branch on which we sat, had sapped the foundation, and put the axe to the root of the body of the tree, and lamented much that the people were now lulled into a sleep while the thief broke into the house; he dreaded lest one day or other the precedent should, by some wicked, ill-designing Minister, be drawn forth to serve his purpose, and strangle the poor remains of life in this miserably wounded constitution. He wished not to detain the House long, and would say little more on the question, but propose it as his annual Protest, and therefore moved, that leave be given to bring in a Bill for more effectually securing the rights of the eligibility of persons to serve in Parliament.

This motion was seconded by Mr. Cox, who observed, that had the question required any argument or elocution to support it, he should say nothing, but leave it to much abler debaters than himself: As the question had been agitated the last Session, he looked upon it that there was nothing new to be said

upon the occasion, and that he should content himself with putting in his Protest against the proceeding, to which that motion had reference.

Lord North then said, that he rose only to put in his counter Protest, which he hoped he should also annually do, whenever such a question arose; for that he looked upon the proceedings of the House, with regard to the Middlesex Election, to have been highly consistent with justice, and conformant to the Law of the Land; and that to his dying day, he should continue to approve of the rectitude of those measures.

Mr. Thomas Edwards Freeman got up, and said some few words concerning his continuing in the same opinion as he was in last Session, and thought the precedents upon which the House had founded their judgment in the decision upon the Middlesex Election, were strong and good ones, and that he approved of those measures.

Here ended the debate, no other person having spoke, except these four persons.—For the motion, 135. Against it, 181.

The Lords of the Treasury have appointed John Temple, Esq; (a Gentleman of real merit) formerly Surveyor-General of the Northern District of America, and one of the late Commissioners of the Customs, in America, Surveyor-General of the Customs in this Kingdom, at the established salary of 4000l. per ann. to be resident in London, and a daily attendant on the Board of Customs. By this appointment it is designed, that the present offices of Surveyors General for the different coasts shall cease on the demise of the incumbents; and it is said that three other gentlemen will be appointed, who, together with Mr. Temple, are to execute the business of this new appointment.

A letter from the Hague, dated Feb. 21, says, "We hear no more of the marriage which was talked of between the King of Poland and the Princess Sophia Albertina of Sweden, whom it is now said the Queen Dowager of Denmark has her eye upon for her son Prince Frederic."

On the conclusion of the late rebellion, whilst the Rebel Lords lay under sentence of death, great interest was making to save the life of Lord Cromartie, one of the delinquents.—Many attempts to this purpose failing, his Lady, and four children dressed in deep mourning, waited on her late Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales; and, presenting themselves before her in the most supplicating manner, begged his life. The Princess received them with tenderness and politeness, but taking the first opportunity of quitting the apartment, re-entered, attended by his present Majesty, the Princess of Brunswick, the late Duke of York, and the Duke of Gloucester, who were all then pretty nearly on an age with Lord Cromartie's children—"See, Madam, says the Princess, what your Lord was attempting to do—to rob these innocents of their birth-right; which, if he had succeeded in, what kind of treatment could their father expect at your hands?"—Lady Cromartie, struck dumb at the pertinence of this reply, was for retiring, which the Princess graciously prevented, by assuring her, she would use all her interest with his Majesty to save her husband. She was as good as her word, and Lord Cromartie was pardoned.

We hear that a Gentleman, who has lately made a voyage round the world, is firmly of opinion, that the Aurora frigate was cast away near the Isle of Abraham, which is situated eastward of the Cape of Good Hope; and is determined, on his now-intended voyage, to search that, and some other adjoining islands, in hopes of making, amongst his other useful discoveries, that most important one relating to the crew of the Aurora.

Last night some letters, said to contain some very unpleasant accounts, were received from the Superintendent of Indian affairs in West-Florida. [The Hon. John Stuart, Esq.]

A Correspondent observes, that it is the interest of all Europe to put an end to the troubles in Poland, which, from being the grainery in the north, will, if the commotions continue, be a deserted wilderness, yielding neither corn nor pasture.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 8. Public tranquillity is perfectly established in this capital. The King's regiment and Prince Frederick's, which had been sent into several of the small towns have been recalled, and the same posts are assigned them which they possessed before. Every thing now proves, that there was an odious conspiracy formed against the Sovereign, the authors of which had removed from hence all those whom they could not corrupt. The last blow they struck was the suppression of the Guards; this brought on their ruin, as it detected them. Providence, who watched over the King's life, did not permit that the dreadful plot they had formed, and which they had already begun to put in execution, should be accomplished.

FEBRUARY 29.

On Wednesday last his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland came to town from Windsor, with an intent to enter his protest against the bill, now depending before the Lords, for regulating Royal Marriages. His Royal Highness was prevented taking this step, by his friends, who advised him to wait the issue of the Judges opinions.

Soon after the Lords broke up on Wednesday, it was reported that the question proposed to the Judges in that House was, "Whether the laws of this realm granted to the King the care and approbation of the marriages of the descendants of his late Majesty George II. other than his present Majesty's own children, during their minorities?" Lord Mansfield and the Lord Chancellor spoke for some time, the purport of whose opinions was, that they did. Lord Chief Baron Parker and Lord Chief Justice De Grey being absent, Baron Adams, as Senior of the Exchequer, and consequently the Lord Chief Baron's Representative, in the name of himself and the other seven Judges present, spoke very clearly and copiously on the subject, and concluded with giving it as his opinion, that there was no law which gave his Majesty that power. Another question was afterwards proposed, "Whether the spirit of the laws gave such a grant?" The Baron answered, that that was a question would take up above two months consideration, on account of the ensuing circuits.

The Duke of Cumberland did not speak, though, in the fullness of his heart, he was several times on his legs, seemingly for that purpose.

By letters received yesterday from Chatham, we are informed, that two Russian men of war, bound from Russia to the Mediterranean, had put in there to refit, having received great damage in the course of the voyage; and that the inhabitants were at the greatest loss how to provide the officers and sailors with beds.

MARCH 2.

After the adjournment of the House of Peers, which sat very late on Friday night, a grand council was held at Earl Gower's in Privy-Garden, which did not break up till one o'clock in the morning.—The above council is said to have been held, in order to counteract a powerful influence now formed against the present Administration.

After the breaking up of the levee at St. James's, on Thursday, Lord Viscount Howe, lately arrived from abroad, had the honour of a conference with his Majesty.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, dated Feb. 15.

"The examined papers of the state prisoners turn greatly against them, notwithstanding the Court throws all the lenity possible to them. Yesterday noon the English Minister, Colonel Keith, had an audience of his Danish Majesty, in the presence of his Privy Council, on account of dispatches he received from his Court.

"Two cabinet secretaries, two ladies belonging to the Queen,

ing woman to the young Prince, the two young Black-
at attended occasionally upon the Queen and upon the
family, and about twenty other persons, were this week
before the Commissioners, and next week the examina-
the state prisoners will begin. General Schmidt is ap-
pointed *ex parte* to the Commission of the Inquisition.
Admiral Hansen is so far free, that he has no guard set over
him, but is not permitted to go out of his house; one of the
Queen's ladies who was under arrest is set at liberty. On Wed-
nesday morning arrived Monsieur Ernest, Colonel Keith's Secre-
tary, from England, who was sent from hence thither the 18th
last month. In the castle are three rooms fitted up for Col.
Falkenschild, Lieut. Gen. Hesselburg, and Counsellor Sturk.
This is done for the convenience of the Commissioners; the ex-
amination of those is to begin on Thursday next, on account
that they may be near at hand. Counsellor Sturtz was for the
first time under examination on Friday last by the members of
the Commission, and was permitted pen, ink, and paper; after
he had written about two sheets, they were taken from him by
the Major of the guard.

The Danish Ambassador to the British Court, Baron de
Bieden, who had leave of absence, is ordered immediately to
return to London.

The two clergymen belonging to the garison of Helisingor
and Cronenburg, have received orders from the King, to preach
by turns before the Queen, the one in German, the other in the
Danish language.

The Commission appointed to try the prisoners, has pub-
lished an order, that all persons who have received presents from
the Counts Struensee and De Brandt, in the name of the King
and Queen, are to return them.

Letters from Copenhagen mention, that the Queen is now
permitted to walk out two miles distance from the castle of
Cronenburg. Her name is omitted in the public prayers.

It is now said, that the cause for not making vigorous pre-
parations against the Danes, is owing to advices received from
Mr. Keith, which seem to indicate that the Queen's life is not
in danger, as the principal Nobility of the new Council have
given the strongest assurances of their determination to make a
fair scrutiny into the charges against her; and it is universally
believed, if she has justice done her, our Court need be under
no apprehensions on her account.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, dated Feb. 22.

On the 19th instant the following resolution was proposed
in the House of Commons of this kingdom, viz.—“That who-
ever advised the carrying into execution the increasing the
Commissioners' of the revenue beyond the number of seven,
after the resolution which hath been now read (which resolu-
tion was subsequent to the date of his Majesty's letters for ap-
pointing the said Commissioners, agreeable to the several acts
of parliament empowering him so to do; but prior to the car-
rying into execution, by letters patent under the Great Seal,
his Majesty's intentions expressed in his Majesty's letters) ad-
vised a measure contrary to the sense of the House conveyed
therein.”

The main question being put, the House divided, and there
were told, for the resolution, 106; against it, 106. Voices being
thus exactly equal, the Speaker gave his vote in favour of the
resolution.

It is to be hoped that the proposed additional tax of a shilling
a pack on cards, will be levied. Gaming cannot be taxed too
high.

The 60th regiment of foot, commanded by Sir Jeffery Am-
herst, is ordered from Canada, where it is now on duty, to
Jamaica.

On Friday a very singular event happened in the House of
Commons: Governor Johnston offered to the House a petition
from an Armenian merchant, named George Cojamaul, com-
plaining of the unparalleled cruelties he had suffered from the
Nabobs, and other servants of the East-India Company in
Bengal, without ever being able to know of what crime he
was accused, and begged some regulations of government for
his future security, as well as the rest of the miserable inhabi-
tants, who were equally exposed to the same oppressions. The
subject was opened with great perspicuity, modesty, and force,
tasting the tyranny that existed, and the necessity of some relief.
The House was uncommonly full, and listened with the most
respectful attention: Though most of the Nabobs and Directors,
who are in parliament, were present, yet they chose to leave the
impressions, which were made by Governor Johnston's speech
and the petition, uncontradicted; the petition was therefore
brought up without opposition. As this is the first time East-
India affairs have been mentioned, the expectations of all men
were raised, and the House seemed to listen with impartial con-
cern. The discussion of this petition must bring all the great
questions before the House, concerning which the public have
been so anxious for some time past.

This morning his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, the
Bishops of London, Carlisle, and Salisbury, had the honour of
a private conference with his Majesty, relative, it is conjectured,
to the Marriage Bill now depending in Parliament.

The Lord Chancellor and Lord Mansfield had also the hon-
our of a long conference with his Majesty this morning, pre-
vious to their going to the House of Peers.

We are informed, that the last packet from Denmark con-
tained a letter from the Queen Consort, to his Majesty, the con-
tents of which are kept profoundly secret.

The following letter was lately written by the King of Den-
mark to the Queen:

“MADAM,
“I pity your present just fate.—Let this prove my last adieu.
I wish you a sincere and Christian repentance.”

“CHRISTIAN, Rex.”

A gentleman, very lately arrived from Copenhagen gives out,
that the place where the Queen and her two children are, is at
present unknown.

Sir George Saville is said to have another motion to make in
a few days, concerning the rights of Freeholders, which it is
supposed will occasion very high debates, being calculated to in-
troduce a fair discussion of the rights of Election, and prevent
any future ill effects from a pernicious precedent.

The happy effects of a coalition in politics would be sensibly
felt throughout the kingdom; and as both parties have of late
conducted themselves with much moderation, it may reasonably
be supposed, that if the terms for uniting were once proposed,
they would be readily embraced by both parties.

A Board of Admiralty was held this day, said to be to settle
several matters relative to the Squadron destined for the East-
Indies, of which Sir John Clarke is to be Commodore.

We hear from Petersburg, that the Empress of Russia has
laid up three millions of roubles for carrying on the war, which
in all likelihood will this campaign become most serious and
terrible.

The lady lately married to John Lawrence, Esq; of Jamaica,
is a rich heiress, and only daughter of Don Juan Anselmo de
Marabona, Knight of the order of St. Jago, and Governor of
Biam in the island of Cuba.

MARCH 3.

It is now confidently reported, that the late revolution at the
Court of Copenhagen proceeded not from any change of in-
fidelity in the Queen, but only from a suspicion that she had too
great an ascendancy over his Danish Majesty, by which the con-

duct of the State was entirely under her regulation, she having
by that means displaced from the offices of Government those
men in whom the people most confided, and put others in their
stead rather obnoxious to them; it was therefore judged ne-
cessary that the Queen should be removed till affairs are settled
under the new government in such a manner, that no ill con-
sequences may ensue. Prince Frederick, the King's brother,
is no favourite of the people, and therefore any revolution on
his account appears absurd. Count Struensee will be tried by
the Council, for that he, being the Queen's Favourite, had
been the instigator and adviser of the changes she made.

Lord Camden spoke for almost an hour yesterday, on the
Marriage Bill, in the House of Lords; he was answered by
Lord Mansfield, who was replied to by Lord Temple. Their
three speeches took up above two hours and a half.

ST. JAMES'S, February 29. This day his Majesty was plea-
sed to confer the Order of the Most Honourable Order of the
Bath on Lieutenant Colonel Robert-Murray Keith, his Ma-
jesty's Envoy Extraordinary at the Court of Copenhagen.

L O N D O N, MARCH 4.

The Ensigns of the Bath were given to Mr. Keith as a re-
ward for his late spirited behaviour in defence of the Queen
Consort of Denmark; and we are told his Majesty is so greatly
pleased with Mr. Keith's conduct, that he has ordered all the
usual expences attending the creation of a Knight to be defrayed
out of the privy purse.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, February 25.

A translation of the opinion of the English nation, re-
lative to the revolution in Denmark, has been printed here, and
much approved of, but it was soon suppressed: And this day a
louis d'or is given to get only a half sheet, and if 500 could be
had, they would fetch the same price.

It was given out by the enemies of Count Struensee and
Brandt, that there was reason to believe they would destroy
themselves, the first by knocking out his brains against the wall
to which he was chained, the other by thrusting his German
flute down his throat; since which the first is chained in the
middle of the room; and the other, instead of music, can
only hear the rattling of his chain.

The Duke of Cumberland has declared, that for the future,
his yearly expence shall come within 2000l. per annum of his
yearly income, in order that he may be enabled to provide for
his offspring without application to any other person.

The Marine Society have petitioned the House of Commons,
setting forth that they expended, during the late war, 23,691l.
in clothing and fitting out 5431 Landmen Volunteers, and
5174 poor boys, as servants to officers in the Navy, and at the
close of the war provided for all that were discharged from the
King's ships; and to the Merchants service, 1132 poor dis-
tressed boys; and that they apprehended, if a society was framed,
and supported by the laws of the realm, established upon a
respectable and permanent foundation, and vested with powers
to enable them to carry into execution their charitable design of
fitting out poor boys destitute of support, who shall offer them-
selves for the service of the Navy or Merchants service, it
would be of considerable use and advantage to these kingdoms;
and therefore praying leave to bring in a bill to incorporate
them for the aforesaid purposes, which the House has granted.

We are informed, that for a month before the Stewards were
to present the Address of the Ancient Britons to his Royal
Highness the Prince of Wales, his head run on nothing else,
frequently saying, “I shall soon see my people,” which gave
great umbrage to some in power, and it is said to be the reason
why the above Gentlemen were told, on Monday last, they
must expect that honour no more; but that the annual present
of One Hundred Pounds should always be continued.—As this
matter has thus ended, it would have been better never to have
been begun.

At Edinburgh a Player, performing the part of Alexander
the Great, and having just received a letter from London, with
the account of a late melancholly event, just as he was entering
upon the stage, before he began his part, he advanced towards
the Orchestra with a white handkerchief in his hand, and after
many contortions of face, in order to force out a tear, “Gen-
tlemen and Ladies, (said he) the Princess Dowager is dead!”

By a private letter from Copenhagen we are informed, that
the opinion of the British Judges, as handed about there, was
to the following effect: “That every Queen, by virtue of her
marriage, was no less a natural born subject than a native of the
kingdom; and that the King of Great-Britain would not med-
dle with the laws of Denmark, which he considered as founded
in equity; nor would he interfere in the present troubles, be-
yond what the dignity of his Crown, inseparable from the true
interests of his people, and built both upon truth, moderation
and justice, should prompt him to.”

The House of Peers broke up last night about seven o'clock,
after debating several hours on the third reading of the Royal
Marriage-Bill, which was passed on a division, 68 for the bill,
28 against it, and was ordered to the Commons.

The speakers in favour of the said bill were, the Lords
Gower, Sandwich, Mansfield, and Pomfret, and the Bishop of
Gloucester.—Against it, the Duke of Richmond, and Lords
Clarendon, Lyttelton, and Temple, and the Bishop of Peterbor-
ough. Some of these Lords were up three or four times. A
very spirited protest was entered by several Lords against it.

It is a prevailing opinion, that the retrospective clause in the
Royal Marriage Bill will be expunged, before it is passed into
a law.

Letters have for some days past been passing between the Lord
Mayor and the two Sheriffs, relative to the right claimed by the
latter, of assembling the Livery in Common-Hall.

MARCH 5.

On Tuesday the Society of the Supporters of the Bill of
Rights met at the London Tavern, when the report of the Com-
mittee appointed to enquire into Mr. Wilkes's affairs was made,
and it appeared that 1500l. of his debts were yet unpaid: Six
hundred pounds advanced by Mr. Jones on the credit of the
Society, in payment of Mr. Maclean's demands, the Com-
mittee reported as proper to be first paid.

Watkin Lewes, Esq; has not deserted the Bill of Rights; on
the contrary, he on Tuesday attended the meeting of the Socie-
ty, and did all the business that was done, as Chairman of the
last Committee. Being asked whether he was really a Member
of the Constitutional Society, he said, “I know just as much
of the matter as you do that ask me the question. I have seen
the paragraph in the paper: I believe it, however, to be fact;
but the honour done me was so far from being solicited on my
side, that, when requested to become one of that Society, I de-
clined it, and begged that I might not be proposed, thinking it
enough to belong to one Society of the same kind. An honour
I call it, because I consider the Constitutional Society as com-
posed of respectable men upon constitutional principles; and I
believe the Common Cause, the Cause of Liberty and our Coun-
try, would by no means suffer, were such Societies to increase
and multiply: I know not how we can otherwise diffuse over
the nation that spirit which is necessary for rescuing the king-
dom from the dangers that threaten it.”

Extract of a letter from Dover, February 23.

Last night there was a prodigious fall of the rock at Shake-
spear's Cliff, the noise of which was heard several miles. It
has rendered the road along the sea, from this place to Folk-
stone, quite impassable; and the Cliff continues to fall by the

houses in Smeagate-street almost daily, to the great terror of the
inhabitants, several of whom have already quitted their houses,
and others are preparing to do so. No lives have as yet been
lost, but the situation of those people who reside under the rock
is very alarming.

A few days ago near 100 feet of the Castle wall, facing
the town, fell down, as did also a new building lately erected
towards the sea, owing to the fall of the rock which supported it.

WAR-OFFICE, February 24. Twenty-fifth reg. of foot,
Nicholas Southland to be Major. James Lovell, Captain.
James Bethune, Capt. Lieut. Samuel Currie, First Lieutenant.
Robert Burnett, Second Lieutenant.—29th reg. foot, Nicholas
Aylward Vigors, Lieutenant.—33d reg. foot, John Roberts,
Captain. James Campbell, Capt. Lieut. Frederic Cornwallis,
Lieutenant. Ingram Bull, Ensign.—60th reg. of foot, George
Archbold, Captain. Charles Duncan, Lieutenant.

By the Boikawen, West, from Amsterdam, we have advices,
that the price of military utensils, and ordnance stores of all
kinds, has been advanced upwards of twenty per cent. within
this month past, in all the ports of Holland.

HANOVER, February 20. His Britannick Majesty, our Au-
gust Sovereign, taking into consideration the sufferings of his
subjects in this Electorate, from the great dearth of provisions,
has been graciously pleased, by an Ordinance, dated January 8,
1778, to diminish the taxes to half the amount that was paid
last year.

L O N D O N, MARCH 6.

In several of the divisions which related to the Royal Marriage
Bill, the following Peers were in the Minority: Dukes of
Richmond, Portland, Bolton, Devonshire, Dorset, Marquis of
Rockingham. Earls of Stamford, Thanet, Carlisle, Doncaster,
Abingdon, Albemarle, Coventry, Stafford, Dartmouth, Tan-
kerville, Fitzwilliam, Temple, Radnor, Spencer, Danley. Earls
of Corke, Belborough, Shelburne. Viscounts Torrington and
Courtney. Bishops of Exeter, Oxford and Bangor. Lords
Abergavenny, Paget, Craven, Romney, King, Monsion, Ra-
vensworth, Archer, Lyttelton, Sondes, Milton, Camden.

Lord Temple, in the course of the debate on Monday night,
remarked, with a mixture of spirit and concern, that the tone of
the Royal Marriage Bill was exactly in unison with the whole
strain of politics for this last nine years.

Two protests are entered against the Bill for regulating the
future marriages of the Royal Family, one of which is signed
by fourteen Lords, and the other by six.

Yesterday the Committee, which was appointed by the House
of Commons to inspect the Journals of the House of Lords,
relative to the proceedings on the Marriage Bill, perused the
same, and took extracts therefrom.

It is reported (and is no more than a report) that ten sail of
the line are ordered to be got ready at Chatham and Portsmouth,
but their destination is not known.

Yesterday morning there was a grand Levee at Lord Temple's
house in Pall Mall, at which many of the principal persons in
opposition attended.

In the Act to provide for the Administration of the Govern-
ment in case the Crown should descend to any of the children
of his Majesty, being under the age of eighteen years; and for
the care and guardianship of their persons, there is the follow-
ing clause in relation to the marriages of his Majesty's children:
“And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that his
Royal Highness George Augustus Frederick Prince of Wales, in
case the Crown shall descend or come to him before his age
of eighteen; or any other of the children of his Majesty, to
whom the same shall descend before his or her age of eighteen
years; shall not, during such regency, be married to any per-
son whatsoever, without the consent of the said Regent for the
time being, and of a major part of the said council of regency
then in being, and in Great-Britain, and if the number then in
Great-Britain shall be an equal number, then without the con-
sent of one half part of the said council; and every marriage so
had without such consent, shall be null and void to all intents
and purposes; and every person who shall be acting, aiding,
abetting, or concerned in obtaining, procuring, or bringing about
any such marriage, and the person who shall be so married to
such King or Queen, under the age of eighteen years, shall be
guilty of high treason, and suffer and forfeit as in cases of high
treason.”

By the last advices from Denmark we are informed, that a
great number of families have left Copenhagen, and retired into
the country, on account of the unsettled state of affairs in that
place.

A few days since, the sum of 8000l. was transmitted hither,
from the treasury of Ireland, to be paid to the Duke of Cum-
berland, being the amount of his Royal Highness's pension on
the Irish establishment, which was paid to his Royal Highness
accordingly.

The latest accounts from Copenhagen inform us, that though
the reigning Queen of Denmark is not set at liberty, yet her
confinement has been rendered more easy since the examination
of the Count de Struensee.

On the opening of the Pantheon Colonel Luttrell was dis-
tinguished by the appellation of *The Repenting Sinner*, which was
said to have been first applied to him by the Hon. Charles Fox:
A few evenings since, when the latter came in, the Colonel re-
turned the compliment, by saying “Here comes another *Re-
penting Sinner*,” which reverberated round the room in an in-
stant, and turned the laugh on him.

LIST OF PATRIOTIC PARAGRAPHS.

1. IF Lord North can regulate the proceedings of the East-
India Company, he will shew himself an able man: As
fast as Hercules, who cleansed the Augean stables.
2. We are desired to acquaint the public, that the Directors
are all bulls.—What are the jabbing rogues all married?
3. We hear that a great coldness subsists at present between
the courts of France and Spain.—Yes, on the top of the Pyrenean
mountains.
4. A club of Negroes meets every Monday evening near
Charing-Cross, to assert their freedom.—Merry on us! More
patriotic societies!
5. The people of Maidenhead have petitioned for a bill for
repairing their bridge.—There is no repairing of that bridge, it
being situated in a swamp.
6. The bill for regulating Royal Marriages will be certainly
opposed by the patriotic members, and occasion warm debates.—
The patriots certainly stand in need of something to warm them,
being out so long in this cold weather.
7. There is no question that the bill for regulating the mar-
riages of the Royal Family is the work of Lord Mansfield.—If
you doubt it, little Vamp will take his Affidavit.
8. Mr. Sheriff Bull pays the whole expence of the Shrievalty.
—This Bull is an excellent Milch Cow.
9. We hear from Grenada, that Israel Wilkes, Esq; is first
pended.—Let his brother John take warning, else he may chance
to be suspended too.
10. The present manly moderation of Mr. Wilkes has gained
him new friends.—Of whom he had much need; his old friends
being heartily tired of subscribing to his necessities.
11. Lady Bute is observed to be in high spirits, now that the
object of her jealousy is removed.—Pray, John Wilkes, disturb
not the sleep of the dead.
12. A certain Favourite has now lost all his influence.—This
article should have appeared seven years ago.

CHARLES-TOWN, MAY 7.

N Thursday last died, much regretted, and in the 59th Year of his Age, Benjamin Simons, Esq; sometime since Commissary-General of this Province.

We have the Pleasure to acquaint our Country Readers, and all those that are in Want of Indian Corn, that 14,940 Bushels of that Grain have arrived here from the Northern Colonies since last Monday—which is about Half the Quantity that is supposed to be wanted.

A few Days since was married, Mr. Joseph Hunt, of Godfrey's Savannah, to Miss Martha Gray, of the same Place.

On Friday last His Majesty's Ship *Gibraltar*, commanded by Sir Thomas Rich, arrived here from Boston, being ordered on this Station.—The *Mercury*, we hear, goes for Boston, and the *Boneta* Home.

We have at this Time no less than 4 Ships of War and 3 Packet-Boats in this Harbour.

On Sunday last returned from West-Florida, in the Diligence Packet-Boat, commanded by Capt. Arthur Clark, the Hon. John Stuart, Esq; Superintendent of Indian Affairs in the Southern District of North-America, having, as we hear, accomplished the Business he went upon. Mr. Dutton of Pennsylvania, Merchant, and the Rev. Mr. Leveier for the French Settlement at New Bourdeaux, are also arrived in this Packet-Boat.

The same Day Mr. William Carfan, Merchant, Mrs. Carfan, Mrs. Gibbs the Wife of Robert Gibbs, Esq; Mr. Robert Swainston, Miss Hart, and several other Passengers, embarked in the Nancy, Capt. Earl, for Rhode-Island.

In the Evening of the same Day, we had a severe Hail Storm here, accompanied with much Thunder and Lightning: But we have not heard of any Damage done, but by the Wind and Hail, the former having blown down some old Houses, Barns, a good deal of Fencing, and many Trees, and the latter having destroyed Abundance of young Corn, and almost ruined all the Gardens.

Last Monday Mr. Alexander Gillon, Merchant, Mrs. Gillon, and her two Sons, returned here from England.

The *Minerva*, Captain Alexander, which arrived here last Tuesday, came in under a Jury Main-mast.

The *Molly*, Capt. Moore, from Africa, whose Crew and Cargo had suffered much, from the Want of Water, happily got in the same Day.

There are at present no General Assemblies, to do Business, either in North or South-Carolina, or Georgia.

At the Anniversary Meeting held last Week, of the laudable Society for the Relief of the Widows and Children of the Clergy, the following Officers were chosen, viz.

The Rev. ALEXANDER GARDEN, President.

DAVID DEAN, Esq; Vice-President.

The Rev. ROBERT SMITH, Treasurer.

The Rev. Mr. Lewis delivered an excellent Discourse suitable to the Ends of the Institution, and a considerable Number of new Members were admitted; and there is no Doubt that the Society will become both useful and respectable.

It is no less true than astonishing, that we cannot at this Time get Beef, Pork, or Candles here: And we are told, 'tis not much otherwise in North-Carolina.

The Cumberland Packet-Boat, Capt. Goodridge, arrived at New-York from Falmouth the 21st ult. Capt. Chambers and Capt. Harvey from Bristol, were also arrived there.

The Governor and Assembly of Massachusetts-Bay, met at Cambridge the 8th ult. when his Excellency acquainted the House, that it was in his Power to permit them to sit in the Town of Boston, provided they would acknowledge the Power of the King to call them to hold the General Assembly at any Place he should think proper; which the Members nobly and unanimously refused.

Two small Shocks of an Earthquake were felt at Philadelphia and Places adjacent, and in New-Jersey, in the Morning of the 25th inst.

Capt. Hood, from Bristol, Capt. Rogers and Cain from Liverpool, and Capt. Falconer, from London, are arrived at Philadelphia.

A Brig. from London for Boston, Capt. Hood, in thick Weather, ran ashore and was bilged, on the Back of Nantasket the 3d ult. The Cargo was mostly damaged, and the Vessel it was thought, would be lost.

Hopes are given us that the Tea-Act will be repealed the present Session of the Parliament of Great-Britain.—JUNIAS, in his Letter to the Bill of Rights Gentlemen, says, "it [that Act] preserves the Contention between the Mother Country and the Colonies, when every Thing contending for, is, in Reality, given up."—No! The declaratory Act of the Power of the British Parliament is not given up; and 'till it is, the Contention cannot cease.

The Quantity of RICE shipped from this Port from the 1st Day of November last, to this Day exclusive, is 77,013 Tierses.

We hope our kind Encouragers will excuse several of their ADVERTISEMENTS being unavoidably omitted in this Day's Gazette for Want of Room, but they shall be inserted in a Supplement which will be published on Saturday next.

New Advertisements.

MARY GRIFFITH,

Four Doors from Mr. Wainwright's in King-Street, Has imported in the Carolina Merchant, Captain Maskall,

A LARGE Assortment of FAN MOUNTS of the newest Fashion, of various Colours, and most beautiful Patterns; also, carved and painted Ivory Fan-Sticks, and every Material belonging to the FAN-TRADE, Net Hoods, Silk Paras, &c.—Blonds and Gauzes cleaned in the French Method, to look like new, and all Kinds of Foreign and Mignonette Laces.

For PORTUGAL, or COWES, and a MARKET,

THE SHIP

TRUMAN,

JOSHUA SHEPHEARD, Master.

BURTHEN about Eight Hundred and Fifty Barrels of RICE, will be ready to take on board in Ten Days.—Has Part of her Cargo already engaged.—For Freight of the Remainder, apply to POWELL, HOPTON, & Co.

A Healthy young WENCH, with a good Breast of Milk (having lost her Child) to be hired out as a wet Nurse.—Apply to MOSES MITCHELL.

Timothy's Marine List.

May	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	From
1st	His Majesty's Ship <i>Gibraltar</i> , Sir Ths. Rich, Com.	Boston
	Scooner <i>Dolphin</i> , Stafford Somersall,	Bermuda
	Scooner <i>Industry</i> , Edward Allen,	Cape-Nicola
3d	Brigt. <i>Diligence</i> (Packet) Capt. Arthur Clark,	Pensacola
	Scooner <i>Liberty</i> , Richard Churchill,	Georgia
	Sloop <i>Collector</i> , Philip Aubin,	Providence
4th	Ship <i>Trueman</i> , Joshua Shephard,	Bristol
	Ship <i>Peter & Ann</i> , Thomas Blundell,	Falmouth
	Ship <i>Admiral Spry</i> , Peter Hill,	Falmouth
	Ship <i>Glasgow</i> , Alexander Marquis,	Lisbon
	Ship <i>Fame</i> , William Thortoun,	Madera
	Snow <i>Mary</i> , William Laverdy,	Sierra-Leon
	Brigt. <i>Duke of Athol</i> , Robert Grinly,	Rotterdam
	Sloop <i>Morning-Star</i> , John Vesey,	St. Vincent
	Sloop <i>Thomas & Anthony</i> , Sol. Gibbs,	George-Town
5th	Ship <i>Molly</i> , John Moore,	Gambia
	Ship <i>Minerva</i> , Robert Alexander,	Madera
	Brigt. <i>Recovery</i> , John Bohanan,	Virginia
	Scooner <i>Harlequin</i> , John Goddard,	Cape-Fear
6th	Brigt. <i>Hero</i> , Charles Chadwick,	St. Kitts
	Brigt. <i>Charles-Town Packet</i> , Sam. Wright,	Philadelphia
	Brigt. <i>Prince of Wales</i> , William Moore,	Philadelphia
	Brigt. <i>Friendship</i> , Joseph Blewer,	Philadelphia
	Sloop <i>Harrier</i> , Samuel Dickenson,	Barbados
	Sloop <i>Polly</i> , John Backhouse,	North-Carolina
	Scooner <i>Expedition</i> , George Mitchell,	North-Carolina
May	Remain windbound or cleared,	For
2d	Scooner <i>Trial</i> , Reftone Sanford,	Rhode-Island
3d	Snow <i>Mercury</i> , John Pearce,	Poole
	Brigt. <i>Dominica Packet</i> , Eldridge Aris,	Bristol
	Brigt. <i>Robert & Elizabeth</i> , Breeding Boyle,	Lisbon
	Sloop <i>Nancy</i> , John Earl,	Rhode-Island
4th	Scooner <i>Dolphin</i> , Stafford Somersall,	Georgia
	Scooner <i>Savannah Packet</i> , John Turner,	Georgia
	Scooner <i>Polly</i> , George Sinkins,	Georgia
	Remain windbound or cleared,	For
	His Majesty's Ship <i>Mercury</i> , Capt. Robt. Keeler,	Boston
	His Majesty's Sloop <i>Boneta</i> , C. Mat. Squire,	England
	His Majesty's Sloop <i>King-Fisher</i> , C. Tho. Porter,	Cape-Fear
	Snow <i>Eagle</i> (Packet) Capt. William Nicholls,	Falmouth
	Scooner <i>Comet</i> (Packet) Capt. Ter. McDonough,	Jamaica
	Snow <i>Swift</i> , John Thompson,	Poole
	Snow <i>Peggy</i> , William Harkie,	Lisbon
	Brigt. <i>Vigilant</i> , John Williamson,	Gosport
	Brigt. <i>Rose</i> , Thomas Newell,	Surenhim
	Scooner <i>Margaret</i> , William Bachop,	St. Augustine
	Scooner <i>Industry</i> , John Moncrieff,	Barbados
	Scooner <i>Little Nelly</i> , Nathaniel Butterfield,	Providence
	Ship <i>Union</i> , William Coombes,	Georgia
	Ship <i>Carolina Merchant</i> , William Maskall,	Providence
	Ship <i>Ann</i> , James Duncan,	London
	Ship <i>Hero</i> , Anthony Smith,	Gosport
	Ship <i>Charming Sally</i> , John Beshard,	Cowes
	Scooner <i>Greyhound</i> , Alexander Fraser,	Cape-Fear
	Scooner <i>Liberty</i> , Richard Churchill,	Georgia
	Scooner <i>Harlequin</i> , John Goddard,	Cape-Fear
	Sloop <i>Ranger</i> , Horace Wood,	St. Kitts
	Sloop <i>Betty</i> , Edward Todd,	Barbados
	Sloop <i>Liberty</i> , John Beck,	St. Kitts
	Sloop <i>Collector</i> , Philip Aubin,	North-Carolina
	Entered out, and loading, besides the above.	
	Ship <i>Mary</i> , John Spurrier,	Gosport
	Ship <i>Governor Wright</i> , Thomas Hall,	Bristol
	Snow <i>Nancy</i> , William Chiene,	London
	Brigt. <i>Cumberland</i> , Charles Henry,	Barbados
	Other Vessels in Port.	
	Ship <i>Hutton</i> , John Bacon,	London
	Brigt. <i>Charming Jenny</i> , Richard Brewer,	Jamaica
	Brigt. <i>Prince George</i> , Thomas Davies,	Lancaster
	Scooner <i>Betty</i> , John Young,	
	Scooner <i>Exchange</i> , John Willis,	
	Sloop <i>Liberty</i> , William McBride,	
	Sloop <i>Dispatch</i> , Ephraim Gilbert,	
	Arrivals from this Port.	
	Ship <i>Mermaid</i> , Samuel Ball,	London
	Ship <i>Mataga</i> , William Pickles,	London
	Ship <i>Carolina Packet</i> , William White,	London
	Ship <i>Beaufain</i> , Daniel Curling,	London
	Ship <i>Liberty</i> , John Lefley,	Bristol
	Brigt. <i>Palmyra</i> , James Arnaud,	Bristol
	Brigt. <i>Hand-in-Hand</i> , Peter Berrien,	Cowes
	Ship <i>Lillies</i> , Hercules Angus,	Cowes
	Snow <i>Jenny</i> , Hector Orr,	Cowes
	Brigt. <i>Fisher</i> , William Chisman,	Cowes
	Brigt. <i>Margaret</i> , John Sims,	Jamaica
	The Swallow Packet-Boat, Capt. Copeland,	Falmouth
	Brigt. <i>Nell</i> , Edward North,	Barbados
	Brigt. <i>Betty</i> , Peter Schermerhorn,	New-York
	Scooner <i>Fancy</i> , Benjamin Barton,	Grenada
	Sloop <i>Benjamin</i> , Richard Newbold,	Tobago

New Advertisements.

For BRISTOL,

(Will be ready to sail by the 15th Instant)

THE SHIP

GOVERNOR-WRIGHT,

THOMAS HALL, MASTER.

SHE has good Accommodations for Passengers.—Any inclined to go, may apply to Capt. HALL on Eveleigh's Wharf;

TO BE LET,

(And may be entered on the 1st of July next.)

THAT agreeably situated

and very convenient HOUSE in Anson-

burgh, at present occupied by DAVID GUS-

SEARD, Esquire.—For Terms, enquire of

TIMOTHY CROSBY.

ABSENTED himself from his Master, John Bayley, Esq; of Barbados (since deceased) a likely Barbadian NEGRO MAN, named MONDAY; he is about 23 or 24 Years of Age, Black skin'd, about 5 Feet and an Half high, and has a Defect in his left Eye, occasioned by a Blow.—He left the Island in an open Boat, with some Whites who went off for Debt; the said Fellow is a Sailor by Calling. If he will return to his Master, Thomas Wilkies, Esq; whose Property he now is, he shall be pardoned; and, whoever will secure, and send him to ALEXANDER ROSE, Esq; shall receive Fifty Pounds Reward.

JUST IMPORTED,

By the SUBSCRIBER,

In the Ship ANN, Captain JAMES DUNCAN, and other Vessels

late arrived from LONDON and BRISTOL,

An ASSORTMENT of GOODS:

Whereof the following are Part, viz.

PRINTED Lawns, Cottons, Calicoes, and

Linen, Copper-plates; Long and Clear Lawns; Cam-

bricks; 6-4th and Yard-wide Mullins; Humhums; white

Calicoes; 10 4, 8-4 and 6-4th Huckabacks; corded and

figured Dimities; plain and figured Modes; Sarfennets; plain

and striped India Persians; Bombazens; Silk Gingham

Barcelona, Gauze, and other Handkerchiefs; plain, stripes,

and figured Pavilion Gauze; English and Flanders Bed-Ticks

and Bunts; Damask and Diaper Table-Cloths; Towelling and

Clouting Ditto; Plaitiloes; Britannias; Pistol-Lawns; Nan-

keens; Duroys; Sagathies; Thickfets; Tammies; Durants;

Calimancoes; Shalloons; white and coloured Russia Drab;

brown Holland.—An Assortment of 7 8th and Yard-wide

Linen, from 10s. to 40s. per Yard.—An Assortment of most

Kinds of Thread; Sewing Silk, and neat and fashionable Rib-

bons; Dressing and other Looking-Glasses; Silver, Pinchbeck,

and Taylors Thimbles; Brooms and Brushes.—An Assort-

ment of Knives and Forks, and other Cutlery; Women's

Fans, Gloves, and Masks; Silk Umbrellas; Bohea-Tea;

Single-refined Sugar; Writing Paper; Wafers and Sealing-

Wax.—A Variety of Beaver, Castor, and Felt Hats; Broad

Hoes; Falling and Broad Axes; Spades, and most other Plan-

tation Tools; 40d. 30d. 20d. 10d. 6d. 5d. 4d. and 3d. Nails;

Brads; Tacks; Bulls; Coffin Furniture; Linseed Oil; Glue,

and Paints; good strong Vinegar; Florence Oil, and Spices.—

An Assortment of Family Medicines, among which are, *Keyser's*

Speedman's Pills; with a small Collection of Books, treat-

ing chiefly on Health, and the Cure of Diseases, wrote by some

of the most eminent Physicians: Which, together with a Variety

of other Articles, he will dispose of on the most REASONABLE

TERMS, at his Store near Abbees-Bridge.

St. Bartholomew's Parish, } James Bolton.

April 28, 1773.

STRAYED or stolen from Beach-Hill,

a dark bay HORSE, about thirteen Hands three Inches

high, branded on the near Buttock

W.

Whoever will take up the said Horse, and deliver him to the

Subscriber in Charles-Town, shall be well rewarded.

MORTON WARING.

TO BE LET,

(And may be entered immediately.)

A NEAT convenient TE-

NEMENT, in Guinnard's Street,

situated between Mrs. SIMPSON's, and Mr.

WILLIAM GRAHAM.—For Particulars en-

quire of Messrs. HALL & SMITH, or

ISAAC MOTTE.

For PHILADELPHIA,

THE BRIGANTINE

Charles-Town Packet,

SAMUEL WRIGHT, Master.

HAS excellent Accommodations for Passen-

gers, and will sail by the fifteen th Instant

For Freight or Passage, apply to ATKINSON & SYKES, Land

Master on board at Rowand's Wharf, or

JOHN JAMES.

To be SOLD, by public Outcry,

On Thursday the 21st of May, by Messrs. Oats & Kesh,

EIGHT NEGROES (some of them extraor-

dinary good House-Carpenters) being Part of the Personal

Estate of Mr. JAMES GORDON, deceased.—The Condition

of the Sale is, Credit to the First of January 1773, paying In-

terest, and giving such Security as shall be approved of, by

MARY GORDON, Administratrix.

For PHILADELPHIA,

THE BRIGANTINE

FRIENDSHIP,

JOSEPH BLEWER, Master.

HAS good Accommodations for Passen-

gers, and will sail with all convenient

Speed.—For Freight or Passage, apply to said Master on Board,

at the Market Wharf, or

DANIEL & ISAAC BOURDEAUX.

Exceeding fine WHITE FLINT

CORN to be sold on Board the said Ves-

sel.—Apply as above.

CHARLES-TOWN, MAY 2, 1773.

MISSIEURS THOMAS JERVEY, and WILLIAM MIL-

LIGAN, having assigned all their Bonds, Notes, Bil-

lits, and other Effects, to us, the Subscribers, in Trust, for

paying, out of the Monies arising therefrom, such of their Cre-

ditors, as shall within Three Months from this Day, consent

and agree to receive a Dividend of their Demands, in Average and

Proportion, as far as the said Monies shall extend; those there-

fore of their Creditors, that are or shall be willing to come in

upon the Terms above-mentioned, are desired to signify their

Consent, and transmit an Acceptment of their Demands duly at-

Charles-Town: Printed by POWELL, HUGHES, & Co. at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange;

Where ADVERTISEMENTS are taken in, and every Branch of the PRINTING BUSINESS performed with Accuracy, Neatness, and the greatest Dispatch: Of whom may be had, all Kinds of BLANKS made Up of in this Province, printed on neat Types and good Paper.

SUPPLEMENT to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1890.]

THURSDAY,

MAY 7, 1772.

MANSELL & CORBETT,

Have imported in the Ship CAROLINA, Capt. MANSFIELD, and in other late Vessels from LONDON and BRISTOL,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS,

Most of which being bought of the Manufacturers at the best Terms, by Mr. WALTER MANSELL, (who resides in England for that purpose) will be sold very Cheap, especially Cash, or short Credit, at their Store in Tradd-Street,

Among which are the following ARTICLES.

A Very neat Assortment of the most fashionable

broads cloths, with suitable trimmings; narrow cloths of most colours and prices; Bath coating, velvets, hair flannel, and everlastings; plains, strouds, dufil blankets, bed tickings, and bed quilts; an assortment of handsome brocades; covered and plain fattins; luteitings and mantuas, taffaties and pians; bed furniture of a new taste, very fashionable in England, and never before imported; cotton furniture, and furniture of

cottons, calicoes, and chints; flowered and plain muslins, gauzes, Marleilles quilting, and counterpanes, ruffled and silk petticoats, cloaks, and cardinals; black feathers for ladies riding hats; japanned waiters, trays, bread baskets and candlesticks; japanned and copper tea urns, ditto tea tables, and tea chests; yard wide and sheeting linens; table cloths, tabling linen, and towelling; marble slabs and mortars; jacks; worked epaulets for livery servants; velvet caps with tassels and bands; saddlery of all sorts; broad and narrow hoes; rice sieves; nails of all sorts; very neat fowling pieces and plantations guns; fifty very neat light muskets, bayonets and slings complete, as cheap as can be imported; buckskin breeches; ironmongery, hard ware, workmens tools, pewter and tin ware; china and glass ware; perfumery, medicines; shot, gunpowder; pickles; tobacco; spices; feathers; carpets and carpeting, of different sorts; raisins, currants, almonds, double and single refined sugar; black pepper, mustard; porter in barrels; red port wine in bottles; garden seeds; hyson, green, and bohea tea; mattresses; most fashionable hats; a neat Italian chaise; paints of all sort, distilled vinegar, and basket salt.

To be LET, and may be entered upon, Immediately:

A PLANTATION ON ASHLEY RIVER,

belonging to the Reverend Mr. Martyn, a very agreeable and elegant Summer Retreat, about Twelve Miles from Charles-Town, by Land or Water; the Road pleasant, and the River to cross: There are on the Premises, a very good Dwelling-House, Kitchen, Stable, Coach-House, Overlooker's House, two well contrived Aviaries, and every Building necessary on a FARM; also, a large Orchard and Garden, and Seventy Acres of Land cleared, and free from Stumps and Roots, fit either for Planting, Pasturage, or making Hay; though the Place is most proper for a Gentleman's Villa, yet its Vicinity to the Market and many other Advantages, would render it profitable, to an industrious Man. For Particulars, apply to

ROBERT SMITH.

CARNE & POINSETT,

Have imported in the last Ships from LONDON,

A Very large and general Assortment of

DRUGS, Chymical, Galenical, and Family MEDICINES.—Which they will dispose of on the most reasonable Terms, at their Shop in Elliott-Street.

ORDERS from the Country, punctually and expeditiously complied with, and proper Allowances made to Practitioners.

CHARLES-TOWN, JANUARY 1, 1772.

JOHN EDWARDS, & Co.

BEG Leave to acquaint their Friends and Customers, that their Partnership is now dissolved. And as there is an absolute Necessity that their Affairs be closed as soon as possible, they hope it will suit those indebted to them to make speedy Payments. They at the same Time gratefully acknowledge the Continuance and Favour they have met with, since they begun Trade: And, as they have now taken JAMES FISHER and JAMES BALLANTINE, into Co-partnership, the Firm of the House is altered to

EDWARDS, FISHER, & Co.

Who solicit a Continuance of their Friends Favours.

EDWARDS, FISHER, & Co.

Have imported in the Ships NANCY, and HEART-OF-OAK, from LONDON, and the FAIR-AMERICAN, from LIVERPOOLE,

A very Large and complete Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS,

Among a great variety of others, they particularize the following,

A Great variety of fashionable silks; plain and bordered India chints; plain, striped, and flowered muslins, and gauzes; suits of worked muslins; and choice Bath-brussels lace, thread and blond ditto; loom quilting; 9-8th, yard wide, and large counterpanes; feathers in bags; mens and boys fashionable hats; stuff and leather shoes, of all sorts and sizes; English and cotech saddles; single and double refined sugar; hyson, green, and bohea teas; copper plate tiles; sets of Queen's ware, with spare dishes and plates; Crates, of common yellow ware; long and short pipes; one, two, three, and four gallon jugs, and water pitchers; with beer, ale, cheese, potatoes, and coals; which they are determined to sell on very moderate terms. Those who take a quantity for ready money, or short credit, will have a proper allowance made them.

THE Subscriber having suffered considerably, by the frequent Elopements of his NEGRO-FELLOW BLUFF, Gives this public Notice, that he is determined to prosecute all Persons who harbour or entertain the said Fellow after this Notice.

APRIL 8, 1772. BRIAN FOSKEY.

ALL Persons who have any Demands against the Estate of WILLIAM JOHNSON, a free Negro, deceased, are desired forthwith to bring in their Accounts, properly attested, to

THOMAS HUTCHINSON.

To be SOLD,

A Tract of LAND on SANTEE River, containing about One Thousand Acres of Tide Swamp, with sufficient Pine Land, convenient for four Settlements, being near the Sea, tis scarce ever affected by the Freshes, and never by Salt Water.

A Tract of Three Thousand ACRES, on PEDER, called Abercrombie's big Tract, almost the whole of which is fine Indico Land, and indisputably the best Piece of Land on that River.

Also a TRACT on which Capt. SNOW lately lived, containing Eight Hundred Acres, being a most excellent Indico Plantation. Apply to

THOMAS LYNCH.

CHEAP LOTS.

MR. LOWNDES has divided the Front

of his LANDS UP THE PATH, containing 2000 feet on the West side of the Broad-road into LOTS of seventy-five feet front on the said road, and two hundred feet in depth; which he will dispose of on very reasonable terms: And has settled a plan of division of the said land, so as give an entrance and communication, by various streets, to his HOUSE situate on part of the said land, very advantageously and ornamentally adapted.

THE SAID HOUSE

IS an Excellent good one, built of the best cypress and finished in a good taste; one acre of ground will be allotted to it, which will have the advantage of two fronts; and the house will, besides, face a wide street leading directly up to it from the broad road. This will be sold a great bargain, and the terms of payment made agreeable to the purchaser.

Several of the LOTS are already bespoke, and those who first apply will have the choice of what remain. Enquire of

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Intending to decline the PLANTING BUSINESS, in a great Measure, on Account of his bad State of Health,

will SELL, by private Contract,

A Valuable PLANTATION,

on the West Side of Saltcatcher River containing 1000 Acres, near one half of which is extraordinary good Swamp, timbered with Cypress, Tupelo, Maple, &c. upwards of 100 Acres of the said Swamp, is already cleared, and may with a very little Labour, be made fit for planting Indigo, which has for several Years been very successfully manufactured there.

A Tract of LAND also on Black Creek, a Branch of the Saltcatcher, containing 300 Acres.—Any Person inclined to purchase for the above Lands, may apply opposite to Mr. THOMAS HUNT, jun. in King-Street, to

[c.t.f.] JOHN HUNT.

JOHN JAMES,

At his Store on Rowand's Wharf, has just imported in the Brig Charles-Town Packet, Samuel Wright, Master, from PHILADELPHIA,

LEWIS's superfine Flour in Barrels, half Barrels and Kegs; Hopkin's Milk, Butter, and Water Bread; double and single Beer in Barrels and half Barrels, Northward Rum in Quarter-Casks, Cyder, Cyder-Royal, Cheese, Boxes of Mustard, Collars and Hames, Salt-petred Hams, Cherry Bounce, accreted Candles, Glass Ware, &c. &c.

N.B. A few Hogheads of choice JAMAICA RUM to be sold cheap.

TO BE SOLD, at PRIVATE SALE,

A PLANTATION at STONO, in St. Paul's Parish, within Eighteen Miles of Charles-Town, containing about One Thousand three Hundred and Fifty Acres, into two complete and valuable TRACTS, bounding to the North on the West Branch of Stono River, to the South on the Archibald Stanyarne, to the West on Land of Mr. Stanyarne, to the North on Lands of the said James Stanyarne, Mr. Robert Rowand, and Charles Elliott, Esq. the Swamp and High Land are of the best Quality, equal and superior to most in that Parish, being contiguous to the River.—The low Grounds may be drained, planted, and cleared when all others higher up the Swamp are overflowed. The cleared Swamp is well-stocked with excellent Cypress.

One of the Tracts is a good Landing, that admits Boats Burthen within Half a Mile of the Barn and Rice Fields. There are on said Tract, a new Rice Machine, all necessary Buildings, and a considerable Quantity of Swamp Land in proper Order for planting this Season. Credit on Interest will be given, for any reasonable Number of Years. Persons desirous to know further Particulars relative to the said Land, or purchase both or either of the above Tracts, or Part of the above Plantation, divided in any other Manner, may apply to

JOHN RUTLEDGE.

THE Subscriber has just imported, a great Variety of superfine Broad Cloths, Bath Coating, &c. with suitable Trimmings.—His Customers may depend on having their Wants fully done, and on the shortest Notice.

JOHN WARD, TAYLOR.

THE Masters of such Vessels as discharge their BALLAST at my Wharf,

this CROP, may have their Water for filling, and if they load there, shall be charged no Wharfage.—GENTLEMEN who order their Crops there constantly may depend on never wanting STORAGE.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

THE FOLLOWING

TRACTS OF LAND,

TWO HUNDRED ACRES, on the east side of Broad River, the only situation (within many miles) for a Grist-Mill, the country thereabout being very thick settled.—It is also a healthy spot, affording the greatest variety of agreeable prospects, and is equally good for Indigo, &c.

One hundred and fifty ACRES, on the north side of Broad River; butting on land laid out to John Hunt, Esq; equal in quality to any lands thereabout.

Fifty ACRES, within Saxe-Gotha Township, upon a branch called Sandy Run; an exceeding good situation for a Mill.

Three hundred and fifty ACRES, between the Congaree and Wateree Rivers; bounded on lands originally granted to Vincent Simmons, William Hart, Thomas Howell, and George Haig, not inferior in quality to any land in those parts.

Two hundred ACRES, situated on the north side of the Congaree River, upon a branch called Cabbin Branch, adjoining to lands at present the property of James Daniel.

Two hundred and fifty acres of LAND, at the Ridge, upon Cloud's Creek; bounding to the south, on land originally granted to John Carlin.

One hundred and fifty acres of LAND, in the Fork between Broad and Saludy Rivers, on the south side of Collins's River.

All the above LANDS, were originally the property of John Pearson, Esq; who was a surveyor in this province, and a good judge of land; wherefore it is to be presumed, he would not take up any but the best, or situated for some particular advantage.

One thousand ACRES, on the Wateree River, all high river-swamp, not inferior to any land in the province; butting and bounding on lands laid out to Col. Henry Hynde, and Benjamin Elliott, Esquire.

Three hundred acres of LAND, in St. Mark's Parish, Craven County, mostly swamp; granted to Robert Knox, and esteemed a very valuable Tract.

One hundred acres of LAND, in Craven County; bounded by land of James Bowman, originally granted to Matthew Bowman.

Five hundred and seventy eight ACRES, in St. Bartholomew's Parish, on the head of Island Creek; bounded by land of Mr. North, and Mr. Dandridge.

The purchasers of the above TRACTS, may have twelve months credit, paying interest and giving security.

JOHN WARD,

PETER LEGER.

To be SOLD,

A Valuable Tract of LAND, on COOSAW-HATCHIE, adjoining the Lands late of Mr. Elijah Prioleau, containing two Thousand Acres, one Half of which is extraordinary good Swamp, and a great Part of the rest very rich high Land: the Country thereabouts has lately been very much improved, many considerable Settlements being formed, which has much increased the Value of Lands.—A sufficient Quantity of the high Land is cleared for planting Provisions and making Settlements, on which Indigo was planted, and the good Quality ascertained. Enquire of

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

To be LET,

A Commodious CHAIR HOUSE,

that will receive any Four-Wheel CARRIAGE, opposite ROBERT WILLIAMS, Esq; in Tradd-Street. For Terms, enquire of

TIMOTHY CROSBY.

Who has a few KEGS of excellent SALMON, to sell very cheap for Cash.

ANDREW LORD,

HAVING Sold all his Stock of DRY GOODS, to Messrs. JOHN WOODBURY & PETER LORD, will be much obliged to his former Customers, to continue their Dealings with those Gentlemen at the same STORE.

JOHN WOODBERRY,

PETER LORD,

INFORMS their Friends and the Public in general, that they have entered into Copartnership, under the Firm of

WOODBERRY & LORD,

And that they will be much obliged to the Friends of Mr. ANDREW LORD, for the Continuance of their Favours, as they are determined to sell cheap, and will be very punctual in executing both Town and Country Orders.

N.B. They have best Bridport Canvas, and English Sail Cloth of all Numbers, to be sold at Eight and an Half for One, CASH.

[c.t.f.]

TO BE SOLD by the subscriber, at
PRIVATE SALE,

THE valuable tract of LAND on Great Pedee
River, whereon he now lives; containing one thousand and
ninety acres, of which one hundred and seventy are cleared, and
under fences, with good new buildings thereon, and esteemed
the best tract on the said River.

ALSO, Twenty other tracts of LAND, part in North-
Carolina, and part in this province, mostly very good for the
culture of Corn, Indigo, Hemp, or Tobacco, and lying in a
healthy part of the country. Any honest person may have one
or two years credit, for any of the said Lands, giving security
if required, on receiving the titles; and may know the price of
each tract, by applying in *Charles-Town*, to WILLIAM ANCRUM
and AARON LOOCCOCK, or on the premises, to

THOMAS WADE.

To be SOLD, by private Contract,



MY HOUSE and LOT in
KING-STREET, being One Hun-
dred Feet in front, and Two Hundred in
Depth, with all the Buildings thereon.
Any Person inclinable to purchase, may
apply to JOHN MARLEY.

RUN AWAY from the Plantation of the late
CHARLES LOWNDES, Esq; near *Ferguson's Ferry*, in
February last, a Negro Woman, named AMEY, this
Country born, pretty black, very sensible, and has a numerous
Acquaintance thereabouts, and at *Goose-Creek*, where she was
bred:—She is about Thirty Years of Age, has been seen in
Charles-Town, selling Things about the Streets, pretending
to be a free Woman. TWENTY POUNDS Reward, will
be given for apprehending her, and the utmost Rigour of the
Law exerted in prosecuting those, who harbour her, by

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

RUN-AWAY from the Subscriber's Plantation,
on St. Helena-Island, on the 16th of April last, a Negro
Yellow, named MAY, this Country born; he is about five
feet high, very stoutly made, and about Thirty-three Years of
Age; he is well known in this Province, particularly at the
back Cow-Pens, and supposed to be harboured at Mr. ABRAHAM
WRIGHT's. A Reward of TWENTY POUNDS will be paid
on the Delivery of the said Run-away to me, or the Warden
of the Work-House in *Charles-Town*, and all reasonable
Charges. As he is an old Offender, he may not be easily taken,
therefore I offer ONE HUNDRED POUNDS on the Delivery
of his Head to me. If the said Run-away is harboured by
any white Person, I offer FORTY POUNDS Reward, and if
by a Negro TWENTY POUNDS, upon Conviction of the
Offender.

WILLIAM WRIGHT.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION at Stone, possessed formerly
by Mrs. Penfold, containing Five Hundred Acres, ad-
joining Lands of Thomas Farr, senior, Archibald Stanyarne,
and Joseph Smith, Esqrs. One Hundred Acres is good Rice
Land, the Remainder fit for Indigo and Corn; there is, a good
Dwelling-House, Barn, and other convenient Buildings on the
said Plantation; and its Distance from Stone Landing, doth not
exceed a Mile.—Whoever is inclinable to purchase the above
Plantation, must apply to ALEXANDER HARVEY.

JAMES BOLTON, of Athepoo, tells a black MARE,
about 22 hands and an half high, branded on the near
buttock something resembling like G. Likewise,
A bright bay MARE, with a black mane and tail, about
21 hands high, neither docked or branded; and a COLT with
her, about one year old. Apply to
April 3, 1771. THOMAS HUTCHINSON.

M O R O,

COVERS this Season at THOMAS FER-
GUSON, Esq's. Plantation at *Spoon Sa-
vannah*, upon the same Terms he did last
Season. Any Gentleman that sent Mares
last Year, that did not prove with Foal, may
send them this Year gratis.
N. B. Good Care will be taken of the Mares. 6w.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr.
EDWARD DEMPSEY, deceased, either by Bond,
Book-Debt, or otherwise, are desired to settle the same with the
Subscriber, as soon as possible:—And those to whom the said
Estate is indebted, are requested to deliver in their Accounts,
properly attested, to SAMUEL GREVILLE.

WILLIAM WEBB of Athepoo, tells a grey mare, about
23 hands and a half high, branded on the shoulder A.
One other grey mare about the same height, branded on the
shoulder C, with a stroke down it.
A chestnut sorrel, with a blaze down the forehead, and brand-
ed on the shoulder R. G.
The owners of the above Strays may prove their property be-
fore THOMAS HUTCHINSON.

WENT off about the first of December last, from the Sub-
scriber's Plantation, on *Athepoo Great Swamp*, two
NEGRO MEN, of the *Ebo* or *Calabar* Country, named SPRING
and MAY.—They both had on white Negro Cloth Jackets,
Breeches, and Robbins; neither of them could speak much Eng-
lish. SPRING is a likely active Fellow, of a black Complex-
ion, about 25 Years of Age, five Feet nine Inches high, with
lively Eyes. MAY is a likely black Fellow, about 25 Years of
Age, five Feet five Inches high, small-featured with a small
Beard on his Chin.

It is suspected that the said NEGROES are carried off by some
Villains, about the *Saltwater*, and harboured or disposed of
in the back Country, or Georgia.

Whoever will deliver said Negroes to the Subscriber in *Charles-
Town*, or at his Plantation on *Athepoo*, shall receive a Reward
of Ten Dollars for each, with all reasonable Charges; and who-
ever will give information of their being harboured, shall receive,
upon Conviction of the Offender, if a white Person, FIFTY
POUNDS, and if by a Negro, TWENTY POUNDS, from

JAMES JUHAN,

HATH removed into the house in *Meeting-street*, lately
occupied by Doctor *Fayfoux*, the third below the *White-
Meeting*, where he continues teaching the VIOLIN, GERMAN
FLUTE, and GUITTAR, repairing all kinds of MUSICAL
INSTRUMENTS, tuning of HARPICORDS, &c.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

EVAN JONES intending to depart the
Province early in May next, in order to entitle himself
to the Benefit of an Act of the General Assembly of this Pro-
vince, commonly called the *Attachment Act*, gives NOTICE,
That he is ready to appear, answer, or file Bail, to any Suit,
Summons, or Process that may be issued or brought against
him, in Terms of said Act.
April 3, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

A Middle aged NEGRO WENCH, who is an excellent
Cook, can do any Kind of made Dishes, Pastry, &c. also
washes, and gets up Linnen with the greatest Nicety; her
Daughter, a Mulatto about six Years old, may be sold with
her.—Enquire of the Printer.

TO BE SOLD,

A Compleat NEGRO WAITING-BOY, who also under-
stands the Management of Horses.—His present Owner
having no Occasion for him, is the Reason of his being disposed
of. Enquire of JACOB VALK.



RUN-AWAY from the Subscriber, a
Negro Man named MAIDSTONE,
about Forty-five Years old, lately purchased
at the Sale of Mr. JAMES LE BAS Estate, at
Monck's Corner. Whoever delivers him to the
Warden of the Work-house in *Charles-Town*,
shall receive a Reward of TWENTY
POUNDS, with all reasonable Charges, and the like Reward
for Proof of his being harboured by Negroes, and ONE HUN-
DRED POUNDS if by white Persons, to be paid on Conviction.
JAMES SINKLER.

WHEREAS at a Court of General Sessions
of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize and General
Goal Delivery, begun and holden at *Charles-Town*, on Monday
the 20th Day of April, Instant,

PETER MAZYCK,
WILLIAM THOMPSON,
BARNARD ELLIOTT,
SEGWICK LEWIS,
being duly summoned and returned to serve as GRAND
JURORS, and

JOHN HEARN,
JOHN ISARD,
JAMES COACHMAN,
JOHN BERWICK,
JAMES RICHARDS,
TIMOTHY PHILLIPS,
ROBERT DOKILL,
as PETIT JURORS, made Default, and were noted for
Non-Appearance:

This is to give Notice,

That the former will be fined in the Sum of TEN POUNDS,
Proclamation-Money, each; and the latter in the Sum of FIVE
POUNDS, like Money, each; unless they shall respectively make
good and sufficient Excuses, upon Oath, for their Non-Atten-
dance, on or before the Monday immediately preceding the
second Tuesday in May next.

JAMES JOHNSTON, C. C. & P.

Crown-Office, April 21, 1772.

JAMES TAYLOR,
BOOK-BINDER & STATIONER,

Informs the PUBLIC,

THAT he has removed from the House where
he formerly lived, almost opposite the STATE-HOUSE
to a House of John Ward's, Esq; nearly opposite to Mr. J.
Forbes's, in *Church-street*; where he continues the BOOK
BINDING Business in all its Branches.
N. B. He will always have for Sale, Red, Green, Yellow,
and Black INK S, made of the best Qualities.

THE Honourable the Court of Chancery
having lately decreed and ordered a Division of the
personal Estate of THOMAS CORKER, late of *Char-
les-Town*, Merchant, deceased; the Subscriber, as Executor of the
said Estate, hereby gives Notice to all and every Person, by
Whom indebted to the said Estate, That they do make im-
mediate Payment of their respective Debts: And if any Per-
sons have lawful Demands on the said Estate, they are (for the
Time) required to bring them in, duly attested, that they may
receive Payment, from JOSIAH SMITH, Jr.

For SALE, by private CONTRACT,

A PLANTATION or Tract of LAND,
in St. BARTHOLOMEW'S Parish, containing 1030 acres,
butting and bounding on Lands of Doctor Peter Spence, the
late Thomas Melvin's, Thomas Roberts's, and Esqrs.
William Middleton, James Postell's, and John Izard, Esqrs.
about two Miles from JACKSONBOROUGH; as fit for Corn and
Indigo, as any Tract in the Province, and has a very fine
flow of Water, proper for Indigo-making, which never
dries:—Three Hundred and Twenty Acres thereof, choice
Land, the major Part welltimbered with Cypress; the
good Rice Land, some Part thereof being an additional
chase.—Thereon are, a good Dwelling-House and Barn,
Brick Chimnies, Stables for ten Horses, with a Carriage
that will hold three Carriages, and every other
necessary upon a Plantation; the whole in good
well fenced:—It's Pasture is not excelled by any. The
Person may have a Year's Credit, paying Interest. Any
inclinable to purchase, may treat with ROBERT WARD.
[t.f.] GODIN GUER.

TWO ENGLISH HORSES,



BABRAHAM,

Got by BABRAHAM,

AND

LOFTY,

Got by SNAP,

WILL COVER this Season at Mr. Arthur
Middleton's Plantation, upon *Ashley River*, each at
TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS a Mare, and a Doe to the
Groom.—The Mares will be well taken Care of, and those
which do not prove with Foal this Season, may be put the next
gratis. ISAAC WAGGETT, Groom.
N. B. The Horses are as likely, and as high-bred as any
in the Province, and neither of them will cover the next Season
under FIVE POUNDS STERLING.

Dancing & Fencing.

PIKE'S ACADEMY

FOR

DANCING AND FENCING.

WAS OPENED on MONDAY
at the NEW ASSEMBLY ROOM
The Use of the SMALL SWORD
taught every Morning, from Five to Nine.

Ladies and Gentlemen instructed in DANCING
from the Morning to Five in the Afternoon EVERY
Thursday and Saturday.—The other Days he attends the prin-
cipal Boarding-Schools.

Ladies.—An EVENING SCHOOL EVERY
Evening of the Week.

Confidence that he has now provided himself with such
Room, enables him to teach through the hottest Summer
with ease, he humbly presumes to recommend to all Parents
and Guardians (who can afford it) to continue their Children
as well as Winter; the great Improvement from which
will be obvious to every one, and at the same Time
Method, any invidious Infatuation, That this Hint was only
given in a mean lucrative View.
April 16, 1772.

MR. FOURNIER,
MINIATURE PAINTER, &c.

Returned from Georgia, and ready to wait on any Ladies
Gentlemen that may be pleased to favour him with their
Orders.
He may be found at Mr. JUHAN's, in the House lately pos-
sessed by Dr. Fayfoux, near the New-England or White
Meeting.

To be SOLD at public Outcry,

MONDAY the 8th of MAY next, at the House of HARDY
WILLIAMS, in St. GEORGE'S Parish,
ALL the Estate of WILLIAM HART
late of St. George's Parish, deceased, consisting of Ne-
cessaries, Household-Furniture, Horses, Cattle, &c.—The Con-
ditions will be made known on the Day of Sale, by
SARAH CANNON, Administratrix.

ALL those to whom Mr. CALEB EASTON
is any Way indebted, are desired to give in (as soon as
possible) an Account of their Demands to the Subscriber: And
those indebted to him, are requested to make immediate Pay-
ment.—Mr. EASTON, being in an ill State of Health, has
assigned over his Books of Accounts, Bonds, and Notes, for
the Purpose, in order to have a speedy Settlement of his Af-
fairs, by JACOB VALK.

WILLIAM SCOTT, Esq; informs me of a small roan
horse, branded on the near buttock N I, having frayed
into his inclosures on *Ashley River*. The owner must prove
his property before JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

Wanted immediately,

ANY Sum of Money from FIVE to FIFTEEN
HUNDRED POUNDS Currency; for which good Security
will be given. Apply to the Printer.

STRAYED, a ROAN HORSE, near 14 hands high, with
a square dock, and roach mane trimmed some time ago, a
little grass-fallen on her withers, occasioned by a fistula, some
white saddle-spots on his back, branded on the near shoulder
2 1, and on the near buttock in the shape of bricklayer's trowel.
Whoever takes up and delivers the said horse on Mr. George
Norman's plantation, Goosecreek, shall receive TWO DOLLARS
reward, besides thanks, from
CHRISTIAN FINDLEY.



RUN-AWAY from JONATHAN BRYAN
in Georgia, TWO NEGROES; one a
likely young Fellow, Country born, named
CHARLES.

The other an elderly Fellow, named
FRANK,

and known in *Charles-Town* by the Name of

MACKENZIE'S TOM.
Whoever takes them up, and delivers them to the Warden of
Work-House in *Charles-Town*, or to Mr. BRYAN in Georgia,
shall have TEN POUNDS for each.—They are supposed to be
in *Charles-Town*.

THE following STRAYS have been tolled before me, viz.
A bay pacing horse, about 12 hands high, branded on
the near shoulder I A, and near buttock E E.

A small bay mare, 13 hands high, 5 years old, branded on
the near shoulder O with a stroke down it, on the off shoulder
with 1 1 and a half moon over them, has a fistula, a final
star, and a scar on her cheek.

A black mare and colt; the mare branded on the off buttock
U, about 13 hands high, a trotter, and unbroke.

Also five head of cattle, viz. A black and white pied cow,
with a smooth crop in the near ear, and a crop and slit in the
off ear.

A black and white pied steer, with a crop and slit in the near
ear, and a smooth crop in the off ear, branded with a heart.

A red and white yearling heifer, with a crop and hole in each
ear.

A brindle heifer, with a swallow fork in the near ear, and
a half moon in the off ear.

A white unhorned cow, with a crop and slit in the near ear
and a crop or half crop in the off ear.

The owners must prove their property in St. David's parish
Craven county, before

JOHN PERKINS, J. P.

April 23, 1772.

SUPPOSED to have lost himself at the dividing road near
serjeant Campbell's, on his way to my plantation at the
Gangarass, about the first of February last, a negro man, named

ROGER,

Who can speak tolerable good English, and has been in this
province eight or ten years; he lately belonged to Mrs. MAY
BULL, of Prince William's parish, deceased. Any person who
will deliver him to Col. WILLIAM THOMPSON, at the *Congre-
ss*, or to me in *Charles-Town*, shall be well rewarded.
MILES BREWTON

South-Carolina.

Public Treasury, April 27th, 1772.

THE JUSTICES living and residing within the Parishes of St. Philip and St. Michael, Charles-Town, having, on EASTER-MONDAY, granted their CERTIFICATES to the under-mentioned Persons; they are hereby required to call at this Office, and take out their LICENCES, on or before the 15th of next Month, at farthest

HENRY PERONNEAU,
BENJAMIN DART,

Joint Public-Treasurers.

Names.	Places of Residence.	Names.	Places of Residence.	Names.	Places of Residence.
MOS, JAMES	Upon the Bay	Fardoe, Bridget	Union-street	Powell, Joseph	Union-street
Allen, Margaret	White Point	Francis, Vincent	On the Bay	Patterson, Robert	Union-street
Adams, Dorothy	King-street	Farquhar, Robert	Tradd-street	Prevatt, Grace	Jenkins's Alley
Bonner, Godfried	Meeting-street	Florin, Lucas	King-street	Poinsett, Catharine	Elliott-street
Burkmyer, John Daniel	King-street	Fitzpatrick, William	Union-street	Ratlidge, Rebecca	Mulatto-Alley
Benfield, John	Elliott-street	Fallows, James	On the Bay	Rantowle, Sarah	Queen-street
Boudrot, Mary	Guignard-street	Gruber, Christian	King-street	Rollison, Daniel	Trott's Point
Hinkeshorn, Henry	King-street	Golfman, John	King-street	Rutherford, Isabella	King-street
Burder, Sarah	Upon the Bay	Graham, Elizabeth	Union-street	Ramsay, George	Bedon's-Alley
Bronnan, Eugene	Elliott-street	Gros, Catharine	King-street	Robertson, Sarah	King-street
Blackledge, Zachariah	Trott's-Point	Gilchrist, Elizabeth	Union-street	Rowell, Mary	King-street
Bull, Penwick	Upon the Bay	Harvey, Thomas	Market-Square	Saltridge, Lydia	Trott's Point
Dyers, Robert	King-street	Harris, Thomas	Tradd-street	Swallow, Newman	On the Bay
Byron, John	King-street	Hulme, William	On the Bay	Stirt, Elizabeth	Elliott-street
Edwards, John	Upon the Bay	Hatfield, Sarah	King-street	Sayler, Catharine	Gadfield's Alley
Deard, Joshua	Meeting-street	Hart, Joshua	On the Bay	Smith, Isabella	Unity Alley
Edwards, Elizabeth	Meeting-street	Horn, Peter	King-street	Stevens, Mary	On the Bay
Edwards, Thomas	Upon the Bay	Holliday, William	Broad-street	Smith, Christian	Unity Alley
Edwards, Ann	Tradd-street	Heady, Susannah	Trott's-Point	Shuttlesing, John	Union-street
Calwell, Elizabeth	Dutch Town	Hawes, Ann	Up the Path	Strother, Charles	On the Bay
Chauvet, Susannah	Meeting-street	Kyfell, Esther	King-street	Strother, Richard	Market Square
Creighton, William	King-street	Keller, Elizabeth	Queen-street	Sigwald, Christian	King-street
Cooke, Eleanor	On the Bay	Khun, George	King-street	Sheets, Christopher	Meeting-street
Chappel, John	Queen-street	Lewis, Ann	Union-street	Stewart, Margaret	Union-street
Caldwell, Rebecca	Bedon's-Alley	Lehre, Mary	Up the Path	Sanks, Mary	Union-street
Croft, Samuel	King-street	Levy, Joseph	New-Market	Swinton, Hugh	On the Bay
Davis, William	Up the Path	Lochon, Mary	Guignard's-street	Taylor, Elizabeth	Union-street
Dickenson, Avis	Tradd-street	Mackenzie, Jane	Union-street	Tuke, Hannah	On the Bay
Davie, Ann	Chalmers's-Alley	Mackenzie, Rebecca	Union-street	Thomson, Elizabeth	Church-street
Eustace, Thomas	King-street	Myers, Albert	Meeting-street	Wallace, Catharine	Union-street
Emerson, Joshua	King-street	Milbourn, Esther	Queen-street	Watson, Catharine	Hampstead
Egan, Dennis	Up the Path	Motte, Hannah	King-street	White, Richard	King-street
Edwards, Martha	On the Bay	Murrell, Mary	Tradd-street	Wall, Mary	Elliott-street
Fisher, Ann	Dutch Town	Nuffer, Herman	King-street	Young, Mary	Price's Alley
Fittig, Barbara	King-street				

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGU, Captain-General, Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over the said Province, and Vice-Admiral of the same;

A PROCLAMATION.

HEREAS the Right Honorable the Earl of Hillsborough, one of His Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, hath transmitted to me Minutes of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy-Council, bearing Date at St. James's, the 15th Day of January last, signifying that, an Act of the General Assembly of the Province of South-Carolina, entitled, "An Act, for

" stamping and issuing the Sum of Seventy Thousand Pounds, " for defraying the Expence of building the several Court-Houses " and Goals appointed to be built in the several Districts of this " Province, and for other Purposes therein mentioned," and also another Act, entitled, "An Act to encourage the making " of Flax, Linens and Thread in this Province;" which Acts, together with Representations of the Lords Commissioners for Trade and Plantations thereupon, having been referred to the Consideration of a Committee of the Lords of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy-Council for Plantation Affairs: The said Lords of the Committee did this Day report, as their Opinion to His Majesty, that the said Acts ought to be disallowed; His Majesty taking the same into Consideration, was pleased, with the Advice of his Privy-Council, to declare his Disallowance of the said Acts; and, pursuant to His Majesty's Royal Pleasure thereupon expressed, the said Acts are hereby DISALLOWED, DECLARED VOID and OF NONE EFFECT. I have therefore issued this my Proclamation, hereby notifying the same, requiring all Persons to take Notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the said Province, at CHARLES-TOWN, this 24th Day of April, Anno Domini, 1772, and in the twelfth Year of His Majesty's Reign.

C. G. MONTAGU.

By his Excellency's Command,
THOMAS SKOTTOWE, Secretary.
GOD SAVE THE KING.

NEWMAN SWALLOW,

Has for Sale at his Store on the Bay, near the old Vendue-House, for Cash or short Credit,

OLD Jamaica, Windward-Island, and Northward RUM by the Hoghead, Quarter-Cask, or smaller Quantity.—Old Madera WINE by the Quarter-Cask or Dozen.—Red Port, Claret, and Fronteniac WINES by the Dozen Bottles.—Arrack, Brandy, Geneva, Cherry Bounce, and White-Wine Vinegar. Best London Porter in Casks, and by the Dozen.—Coffee, Chocolate, and Bohea Tea.—Loaf and Mustovado Sugar.—Tamarinds, Sweet-Meats, Mustard, Glauber Salts, Starch, coarse and fine Salt, Mens fine and felt Hats, well cured Salt-petred Hams, Gammons and Fitches, ditto Northward Hams; superfine Philadelphia Flour in Kegs and half Barrels, Milk and Water Bread, imported in the last Vessels.—Raisins of the Sun, excellent West-India Cordials in Cases, &c. &c.

ABNER BISHOP tolled before me, the 7th Day of February last, a stray brinded COW, branded on the near hind Quarter IB, and marked with a Crop and Slit in each Ear: And also a stray Steer Yearling, with the said Cow, marked with a Crop and Hole in the right Ear, and a Crop and Slit in the left. The Owner must prove his Property before
JAMES FORD, J. P.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the

RESIDENTS and NON-RESIDENTS who are possessed of Lands, Slaves, and Monies at Interest in the Parish of St. James, Santee, that they are assessed One Shilling and Six-pence for every Slave, One Shilling and Six-pence for every Hundred Acres of Land, and Nine-pence for every Hundred Pounds at Interest; and that they do pay the same on or before the first Tuesday in June next, to either of us.

April 20,
1772.

WILLIAM CHICKEN, } Church-
LEWIS MILES, } Wardens.

WHEREAS I am informed, that a certain Piece or TRACT of LAND, containing 250 Acres, ad-measured and laid to JOHN-GEORGE STRICKER in the Year 1735, has been lately offered for Sale, by some dishonest Person, who pretends to claim the same: This is therefore to forwarn all Persons whosoever, not to make Purchase thereof from any such pretended Claimant, the sole Right and Title thereto being vested in me.
PETER TIMOTHY.

On THURSDAY the Fourteenth of MAY,
Will be SOLD by public Outcry,

At the Vendue-House on ROWARD'S Wharf, in Charles-Town,
THE LANDS and TENEMENTS
late the Property of THOMAS CORKER, deceased, divided into the four following LOTS, viz.

I. The Lot, and two Tenements thereon, on the East Side of Church-Street; containing in Front, on the said Street, Forty-two Feet ten Inches, and in Depth, bounding on the Alley leading from Church-Street to Union-Street, one Hundred Feet nine Inches, or thereabouts; the South Side adjoining the Lot and Dwelling-House of Gabriel Manigault, Esq.

II. A Lot adjoining the above, and containing in Front, on the said Alley (the South Side) Fifty-three Feet six Inches, and in Depth Forty-three Feet, or thereabouts. —On this Lot are some small Buildings; of which, one, with a Brick built Front on the Alley, measures Thirty-nine Feet three Inches in Length, and Thirteen Feet six Inches in Breadth.

III. A Lot adjoining the last, of the same Dimensions, both in Front and Depth, without any Kind of Building on it, bounding, East, on Land of Mr. Manigault, and nearly opposite the Dwelling-House of Dr. Lionel Chalmers.

IV. A Lot with two small wooden Tenements thereon, fronting on the North Side of the Alley aforesaid Forty-three Feet six Inches, and in Depth Fifty-five Feet five Inches, or thereabouts; bounding, on the East, of Land of Captain George Dick.

Good Bills of Exchange, at Par, payable in London, at Thirty Days Sight, will be taken in Payment; —the Property not to be altered until these Terms are complied with. —The Titles, Deeds or Conveyances, for the said Lands, to the deceased Thomas Corker, may be seen in the Hands of JOHN CORKER, Brother and Heir at Law to the said Thomas, at his Lodgings at Mr. Nathaniel Bulline's, in Church-Street.

ROBERT WELLS.

At the same Time and Place will likewise be sold, on the Conditions above-mentioned.

One Thousand Acres of Land on Boggy-Swamp, in Williamsburg Township, joining Lands of James MacCants, and others. Also, a half Acre Lot in the Town of Williamsburg, known by the No. 1, in the grand Plat of the said Town; both originally granted in 1735 to James Fisher, and now Part of the Estate of Thomas Corker, deceased.

Charles-Town, October 24, 1771.

NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. **TORRANS, & POAUG**, of Charles-Town, Merchants, have assigned all their Debts and Effects to the Subscribers, in Trust, for paying out of the Money to arise therefrom, such of the Creditors of the said **TORRANS & POAUG**, as shall within Twelve Months from this Day, consent and agree to receive a Dividend of their Debts, in Average and Proportion, as far as the said Money will extend, and thereupon to execute general Releases of their Demands, against the said **TORRANS & POAUG**. —Their other Creditors are excluded from any Share of the said Money: Therefore, those who are willing to accept Dividends upon the Terms above-mentioned, are desired to signify such Consent, and to transmit their Accounts, duly attested, within the Time above limited.

The Bill Creditors of the said **TORRANS & POAUG**, are desired to deliver in to the Assignees, such Bills of Exchange, as have been returned protested, in order that proper Steps may be pursued for their Recovery.

**JACOB MOTTE,
WILLIAM LOGAN,
JOHN HUGER,
ALEXANDER MICHIE,
BENJAMIN HUGER,
ALEXANDER ROSE,**

Assignees.

To be SOLD,
Or LETT upon Lease for a Term of Years,
By the SUBSCRIBER,

HIS valuable PLANTATION on WAC-CAMAW, containing eight Hundred Acres of Land, all old Purchase; about One-half which is as good rich Tide Swamp as any in the Province, partly cleared, and under good Banks. —The Buildings, being mostly new, are fixed on a pleasant Bluff upon the River, and consist of a Dwelling-House well-finished, two large Barns, Pounding Machine, and all necessary Out-Buildings. —The Plantation is in fine Order for a Crop, and may be entered on immediately: The Terms may be known by applying to Mr. JOSEPH ALLSTON, or

[6 m.] FRANCIS GODDARD.

JOHN JOHNSON, of Combahee, tells a bright bay MARE, near fourteen Hands high, appears to be of the English Breed, hath a small Snip down the Forehead, branded on the near Buttock, but not to be made out. The Owner may apply to

THOMAS HUTCHINSON J.F.

April 29, 1772.

SALES by the Provost-Marshal.

On THURSDAY the 14th of MAY next, will be sold at public Vendue, at the NEW VENDUE HOUSE in Charles-Town, The following valuable TRACTS of LAND, viz.

ONE Hundred and Fifty Acres granted to Thomas Brown, May 23, 1734, situate in Craven County; butting and bounding, to the Southward, on Santee River, and on all other Sides on Land vacant at the Time of the Grant.

300 Acres granted to James Hopkins, December 4, 1735; butting and bounding, to the North-Westward and North Eastward, on Land not laid out; to the South-Eastward, partly on Land not laid out, and partly on Land of Thomas Brown; and to the South-Westward, on the Congaree River.

150 Acres granted to Thomas Brown May 7, 1734, in Craven County; butting and bounding, to the Southward, on Santee River, and on all other Sides on Land not laid out.

250 Acres granted to James Saint John, February 14, 1734, in Craven County; butting and bounding, to the Northward, Part on Land of Thomas Brown, and Part on Land not yet laid out; to the Eastward, on Land not yet laid out; to the Southward, Part on Land not laid out, and Part on Land laid out to Mr. John Savy; and to the Westward, on Congaree River.

250 Acres granted to Thomas Brown, December 12, 1746, in Craven County, on a Neck of Land between Congaree River and one other Branch thereof, commonly called Broad River, near Saxe-Gotha Township; butting and bounding on the said Broad-River, and on all other Sides on Land not laid out.

705 Acres granted to Daniel Gibson, Esq; September 22, 1733, in Craven County; butting and bounding, to the Northward; on Lands vacant; to the Eastward, on Lands vacant; to the Southward, on Land belonging to Jacob Satur; and to the Westward, on the Congaree River.

500 Acres granted to Henry Gignilliat, September 22, 1733, in Craven County; butting and bounding, to the Northward, on Land belonging to Mr. Thomas Stittsmith; to the Eastward, on vacant Lands; to the Southward, on Lands belonging to the said Thomas Stittsmith; and to the Westward, on the Congaree River.

300 Acres in Saxe-Gotha Township, otherwise Congaree, in Berkeley County; butting and bounding, to the North-Eastward, on Santee River; to the North-Westward, on Land laid out to Jacob Coleman; to the South-Westward, on Land not laid out; and to the South-Eastward, Part on Land laid out to John-Jacob Rodey, and Part on Land laid out to Herman-Christopher Perdrink.

200 Acres granted to Thomas Brown, December 8, 1744, in County, at a Place commonly called and known by the Name of Ninety-Six, on the Cherokee Path; butting and bounding on all Sides on Land not yet laid out.

The said Lands were late the Property of THOMAS BROWN, deceased, and sold under Execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

WHEREAS the Board of High Road Commissioners of the Parish of St. PAUL, did some Time ago assess all the Male Inhabitants of the said Parish, white Persons as well as Slaves, free Negroes, Mullattoes, &c. from the Age of Sixteen to Sixty Years old, in the Sum of Twenty-seven Shillings and Six-pence per Head current Money, in order to discharge the Expences of building Rantowle and Wallace's Bridges; and at the same Time did appoint Messrs. James Poffell, jun. Jacob Stevens, jun. Benjamin Stiles, William Garner, Roger Sanders, and Christian Mote, to collect the said Assessment. And whereas the said Gentlemen did advert se the same the 8th Day of November last, 1771, in the public Gazette, for all Persons concerned to pay their respective Parts of the said Assessment to them, or either of them, on or before the first Day of January, 1772. The Board of Commissioners, now met at the Parish Church, on Easter-Monday, having received the Monies which the said Gentlemen collected, find that many Persons have neglected to pay their Parts of the said Tax: Therefore, the Board do agree, that the aforesaid Gentlemen do continue to receive the remaining Part of the said Assessment. — And all those Persons who have neglected to pay the same, are for the LAST Time desired to pay their Tax unto Messrs. Isaac Macpherson, James Poffell, jun. William Garner, Roger Sanders, and Christian Mote, or either of them, on or before the 25th Day of May next ensuing, otherwise Executions will certainly be granted against them, without any further Notice.

By Order of the Board,

April 20, 1772. ANDREW LEITCH, Chairman.

ALL Persons who have any Demands against the Estate of RICHARD WALL, deceased, are desired to send in their Accounts (properly attested) to the Subscriber: And those indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate Payment to

April 30, 1772. MARY WALL, Administratrix.

A few Boxes of Spanish Marmalet, to be sold at the Printing-Office on the Bay.

JUNIUS to LORD CHIEF JUSTICE MANSFIELD.

I HAVE undertaken to prove that when, at the intercession of three of your countrymen, you bailed John Eyre, you did that which by law you were not warranted to do, and that a felon, under the circumstances, of being taken in the fact, with the stolen goods upon him, and making no defence, is not bailable by the laws of England. Your learned advocates have interpreted this charge into a denial that the court of King's Bench, or the Judges of that court during the vacation, have any greater authority to bail for criminal offences, than a Justice of Peace. With the instance before me, I am supposed to question your power of doing wrong, and to deny the existence of a power, at the same moment that I arraign the illegal exercise of it. But the opinions of such men, whether wilful in their malignity, or sincere in their ignorance, are unworthy of my notice. You, Lord Mansfield, did not understand me so, and I promise you, your cause requires an abler defence.—I am now to make good my charge against you. However dull my argument, the subject of it is interesting. I shall be honoured with the attention of the legislature. Supported, as I am, by the whole body of the criminal law of England, I have no doubt of establishing my charge. If, on your part, you should have no plain substantial defence, but should endeavour to shelter yourself under the quirk and evasion of a practising lawyer, or under the mere insulgent assertion of power without right, the reputation you pretend to is gone for ever; you stand degraded from the respect and authority of your office, and are no longer, *de jure*, Lord Chief Justice of England. This letter, my Lord, is addressed, not so much to you, as to the public. Learned as you are, and quick in apprehension, few arguments are necessary to satisfy you, that you have done that, which by law you were not warranted to do. Your confidence already tells you, that you have finned against knowledge, and that whatever defence you make contradicts your own internal conviction. But other men are willing enough to take the law upon trust. They rely upon authority, because they are too indolent to search for information; or conceiving that there is some mystery in the laws of their country, which lawyers only are qualified to explain, they distrust their judgment, and voluntarily renounce the right of thinking for themselves. With all the evidence of history before them, from Trevelian to Jeffries, from Jeffries to Mansfield, they will not believe it possible that a learned judge can act in direct contradiction to those laws, which he is supposed to have made the study of his life, and which he has sworn to administer faithfully. Superstition is certainly not the characteristic of this age. Yet some men are bigoted in politics, who are infidels in religion.—I do not despair of making them ashamed of their credulity.

The charge I brought against you is expressed in terms guarded and well considered. They do not deny the strict power of the Judges of the Court of King's Bench to bail in cases not bailable by a Justice of Peace, nor repleviable by the common writ, or *ex officio* by the Sheriff. I well know the practice of the Court, and by what legal rules it ought to be directed. But, far from meaning to lessen or diminish the force of those terms I have made use of, I now go beyond them, and affirm:

That the Court of King's Bench, is founded upon the opinion of lawyers, and the practice of the Court;—that the assent of the legislature to this power is merely negative, and that it is not supported by any positive provision in any statute whatsoever.—It is to be, produce the statute.

II. Admitting that the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, are invested with a discretionary power to examine and judge of circumstances and allegations, which a Justice of Peace is not permitted to consider, I affirm that the Judges, in the use and application of that discretionary power, are as strictly bound by the spirit, intent, and meaning, as the Justice of Peace is by the words of the legislature. Favourable circumstances, alleged before the Judge, may justify a doubt whether the prisoner be guilty or not; and where the guilt is doubtful, a presumption of innocence should in general, be admitted. But, when any such probable circumstances are alleged, they alter the state and condition of the prisoner. He is no longer that *all but convicted* felon, whom the law intends, and who by law is not bailable at all. If no circumstances whatsoever are alleged in his favour;—if no allegation whatsoever be made to lessen the force of that evidence, which the law annexes to a positive charge of felony, and particularly to the fact of *being taken with the manner*. I then say that the Lord Chief Justice of England has no more right to bail him than a Justice of Peace. The discretion of an English Judge is not of mere will and pleasure;—it is not arbitrary;—it is not capricious; but, as that great lawyer, (whose authority I wish you respected half as much as I do) truly says, "Discretion, taken as it ought to be, is, *discretio per legem quid sit iustum*. If it be not directed by the right line of the law, it is a crooked cord, and appeareth to be unlawful."—If discretion were arbitrary in the Judge, he might introduce whatever novelties he thought proper; but, says Lord Coke, "Novelties, without warrant of precedents, are not to be allowed; some certain rules are to be followed;—*Quicquid iudicis auctoritate subicitur, novitati non subicitur*;" and this sound doctrine is applied to the Star-Chamber, a Court confessedly arbitrary. If you will abide by the authority of this great man, you shall have all the advantage of his opinion, wherever it appears to favour you. Excepting the plain, express meaning of the legislature, to which all private opinions must give way, I desire no better Judge between us than Lord Coke.

III. I affirm that, according to the obvious, indisputable meaning of the legislature, repeatedly expressed, a person positively charged with *feloniously stealing* and taken in *flagrant delicto*, with the stolen goods upon him, is not bailable. The law considers him as differing in nothing from a *Convict*, but in the form of conviction, and (whatever a corrupt Judge may do) will accept of no security, but the confinement of his body within four walls.

I know it has been alleged in your favour, that you have been bailed for murders, rapes, and other manifest crimes. Without questioning the fact, I shall not admit that you are to be justified by your own example. If that were a protection to crime, where is the crime that, as a Judge, you might not now lawfully commit? But neither shall I suffer myself to be drawn aside from my present argument, nor you to profit by your own wrong.—To prove the meaning and intent of the legislature will require a minute and tedious deduction. To investigate a

question of law demands some labour and attention, though very little genius or sagacity. As a practical profession, the study of the law requires but a moderate portion of abilities. The learning of a pleader is usually upon a level with his integrity. The indiscriminate defence of right and wrong contracts the understanding, while it corrupts the Heart. Subtlety is soon mistaken for wisdom, and impunity for virtue. If there be any instances upon record, as some there are undoubtedly, of genius and morality united in a lawyer, they are distinguished by their singularity, and operate as exceptions.

I must solicit the patience of my readers. This is no light matter, nor is it any more susceptible of ornament, than the conduct of Lord Mansfield is capable of aggravation.

25th January, 1772. JUNIUS.

(The Law Argument in our next.)

New Advertisements.

S T U K E S

HATH IMPORTED,

In the Ship CAROLINA MERCHANT, Capt. MASKAL, from L O N D O N,

The following ARTICLES;

Which, with those imported by the Ship LONDON, Captain CURLING, make a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of

European & East-India Goods,

SUITABLE TO THE PRESENT SEASON,

Which he will sell extraordinary cheap for CASH, or on SHORT CREDIT, at his Store in King-street, near Broad-street:

Three-quarters Irish Linens, Seven eights ditto, Yard-wide ditto, Nine-eighths Irish Sheetting, Garlick, Long Lawns, Minionet Lawns, Cambricks, Huckabacks, clouting Diapers, Yard-wide Jackett Muslins, Five-quarters wide ditto, Six-quarters wide Muslins, Five-quarters wide Check ditto, Muslin Handkerchiefs, Yard-wide Book Muslins, Six-quarters wide ditto, Printed Calicoes, Ditto bordered Petticoats, Blue and white Pocket Handkerchiefs, Red and white ditto, India Silk ditto, Fine white Muslins for Gowns, Black Mantua, Crow-coloured ditto, Perfumers of all Colours, Sarfennets, Modes and Sattins, Beautiful coloured rich Mantuas of the newest Fashions, Silk Lorettes for Mens Waistcoats, Cotton Hollands, flowered Dimity, Fine white Stay-Tick, Wave Lawn Aprons, Needle-work ditto, Velvet Collars of all Sorts, Womens white Silk Mitts, Black ditto.

White Gloves, Black Patent ditto, Womens Silk Stockings, Cotton ditto, Bath Steel-top Thimbles, Silver ditto, Scissor Chains, Boys Watches, Mens brown Thread Hose, Ditto white and coloured, Ditto Mens white spun Silk, Ditto marbled and figured, Mens and Boys Felt Hats, Ditto natural-coloured ditto, Youths fashionable Fan-Tail Hats, Ditto Whimsy's, Mens Fan-tail Hats, new Fashion, Ditto natural-coloured, Ditto Nivernois, Poland Starch, Ladies and Gentlemens Pocket-Books, Four Sheet MARR of the World, Ditto of Asia and Africa, Black Pepper, Nutmeg, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace, Small Fig Blue, Salt Petre, Hair Powder, Curious Pictures, Paper Cases, and Paper of all Sorts.

N. B. A YOUTH of about 14 Years old, of a reputable Family, of a good Disposition, and can write a good Hand, is wanted as an APPRENTICE.

Choice LONDON and NEW-YORK MADERA WINE,

In Pipes and Quarter-Casks, to be SOLD by WILLIAM WEBB.

THE Co-partnership of DRAYTON & EDMANSON, Gunsmiths, being dissolved by mutual Consent, the Subscriber (in whose Hands the Books of the said Co-partnership are lodged) requests the Favour of all those any Wife indebted thereto; forthwith to discharge their respective Accounts, &c. to him,

JOHN DRAYTON. Who now carries on the Business by himself, at the old Shop, and will be much obliged to such of the Customers of the late Co-partnership, and all others who shall be pleased to employ him; and assures them, that their Work shall be faithfully done, with the quickest Dispatch.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subscriber, the 21st of March last, a small likely cheftnut GELDING, seven Years old, has a Star in his Forehead, branded on the Shoulder and Buttock something resembling JW; a Trotter, and has a Wart in one of his Ears. Any Person that will take up said HORSE, and deliver him to me at my Plantation near WATBOO, will be paid FIVE POUNDS, by

ZACHARIAH VILLEPONTTOUX, junior.

STOLEN or strayed, off Charles-Town

Green, a black MARE, about thirteen Hands and a Half high, branded on the near Buttock or Shoulder O R. Whoever delivers the said Mare to the Subscriber in Charles-Town, shall receive FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

PATRICK PRITCHARD.

ROBERT SIMPSON, near the Twelve-mile House, up the Path, informs me of two strays, one a sorrel horse, with a white mane and tail, branded on the off shoulder B H. The other a dun coloured horse, black mane and tail, also branded on the near buttock B H, about four years old each, having strayed into his pasture. The owner or owners must prove their property, before

JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

Messrs. POWELL, HUGHES, & Co.

As the following may prove of Advantage to some of your Readers, you are desired to give it a Place in your next Publication; by which you will (in Part) perform one of the Promises made to the Public in your Address, and oblige

A WELL-WISHER TO THE PROVINCE.

Charles-Town, May 8, 1772.

THE Rumour that the Old Church Steeple in this Place was struck with Lightning in the Hail Storm on Sunday last, notwithstanding the Rod with which it is guarded, occasioned my making it a Visit.—All such Places ought to be examined carefully, to prevent the ill Use which Prejudice is too apt to make of a Report of this Nature. I assure your numerous Readers, that there is not the least Foundation in it.—The Cornice appears to have been slightly flattened, and so decayed by Time, as to make it rather surprising that it has stood so long. The Violence of the Wind, and the farring Dispositions of the Thunder on the neighbouring Air, is a sufficient Account for the Damage the Steeple sustained. There is not the least Trace of the Effect of Lightning, although it must be acknowledged, that the Rod is far from being a Conductor equal to the Largeness of the Building.—The Reputation of this most excellent Discovery, is in Danger of being injured, by the general Use of the Wires made Use of; for the Rods erected for the Defence of our Buildings, are in general too small by three Quarters.—Abundant Experiment proves, that a small Conductor is as insufficient to carry off a great Load of Electricity, as a small Canal is to void a great Flood of Water: In Proportion to the Diameter of the Rod, is its Ability to conduct a Charge. We are not surprized to find a small Gutter at the Eve overflow with an heavy Shower; when a larger one would have saved every Drop.—To save Iron in this Case, is to be Penny Wise, and Pound Foolish. Bars of Iron, locked into one another, are as good a Conductor as when screwed; and this is a Saving of Expence.—These Bars may be carried through the Inside of the Building as safely as on the Outside, Care being taken that they flare off at the Bottom, so as to pitch with Certainty into moist Ground: This would defend the Iron from that great Degree of Rust which the corrosive Air and Damps of this Province occasion. And here I must make a Remark that is of Importance to those who would save their Houses and their Rods too.—Which is, That they should contrive some other Way to do the latter than that of painting them.—All dried and hardened Oils are of the same Nature with regard to Electricity, as resinous Substances: They are *original Electricities*, or *Electricities per se*; and therefore, as far as they interfere, do spoil a Conductor. Every non-electric Body, charged with Electricity, carries around it, on its surface, a much greater Quantity of the Fluid than it does in its Body: This Sphere of incumbent Electricity, even visible in a dark Room, always enlarges in Proportion as the Charge is great. Now a Rod, during its carrying off a large Charge from the Clouds, is to be considered, in some Respects, as a charged Body; its Surface is to be esteemed of greater Use than its solid Contents. Rods are sometimes greatly over charged, or so far insufficient to carry off the Load, as that they are seen to glow and sparkle: But all the Benefit of the Surface, in Case of a great Charge, is lost, by its being covered with the hardened Oil in Painting.—So at, although I will not undertake to pronounce such Rods good for nothing, yet I will venture to affirm, that they are not to be depended upon.

P. S. Perhaps hereafter I may furnish you with more Remarks of this Nature, to present your Readers with.

Charles-Town Price Current,

Of South-Carolina Produce and Manufactures.

By the 100 Pounds Weight.	By the Hundred Weight.	By the Hundred Weight.
RICE, 80s.	Corn Blades, 17l. 10	
R Turpentine, 17s. 6d.	Hay, 12l. 10	
Rozins, none	Rice Straw, 12l. 10	
Flour, 60s. 10 95 21		By the Barrel.
Ship Bread, 95s.	Pitch, 60s	
Hemp, (besides the bounty) 21.	Tar, } Green 60s	
Flax } undressed 21.	} Common 45s	
} dressed 28l.	Pork, 12l	
Cordage, 11l. 5	Beef, none	
Tobacco, 5l. 10 s. 10 61	Double Beer 12l	
Sassafras, 20 s	Table ditto 8l	
	Small ditto 4l	
By the Pound.		By the Thousand.
Flora, none	Plastering Laths, 40 s	
Best purple & copper 40s.	White Oak Pipe, 60l	
Second Sort, 30s.	Ditto Hoghead, 35l	
Ordinary, 20s.	Ditto Barrel	
Drest Deer-Skins, 14s.	Red Oak Hoghead none	
Ditto in the Hair, 7s. 6d to 10s.	Shingles, 6l. 10s. 10 71	
Beaver Skins, 20s	Bricks, 7l	
Tanned Leather, 5s to 5s 9.		By the Hundred Feet.
Sheep's Wool, 2s 6	Pine half-inch Boards 40s	
Pink & Snake Root, 5s	Three-quarters 40s	
Myrtle Wax, 5s	Featheredge 45s 6d	
Bees Wax, 6s. 3d.	Inch 45s	
Butter, in Firkins, 3s 6	Inch & Quarter 55s	
Hogs Lard, 3s 6	Inch & half 70 to 80s	
Tallow, NONE	Two Inch 51 to 7	
Single refined Sugar 4s 6 to 5s.	Scantling, 3l. 10 s. 10 41	
	Timber, 5l. 10 101	
By the Bushel.		Cypress half-inch Board 60s
Indian Corn, 22s. 6d.		Three quarters 60s
Black-eyed Pease, 20s.		Inch 65s
Red Ditto, 15s		Inch & Quarter 70s
Irish Potatoes, none		Inch & half 80s
Spanish Potatoes, 10 s.		Inch & 3-4 5l. to 5 10
Ruff Rice, 17s. 6d.		Two Inch 5l. to 6l
Ground Nuts, 15s		Scantling 3l
Indico Seed, 5l. to 7l.		Timber, 6l. 10 101
Hemp Seed, 60s.		
Flax Seed, 22s. 6d.		By the Hundred.
Oats, 15s.		Reeds, 2s 6
Lime, 2s to 2s 6		
By the Hoghead.		By the Box.
Rum, per Gallon 11s. 9d.	Soap, 2 s. 6	
By the Cask.	Dipt Tallow Candles, none	
Red Oak Bark, 10l	Myrtle Wax ditto, none	
Firewood, 3l. 15s. to 4l.	Mould Ditto, none	

Kesler's PILLS, and Mardant's Drops, may be had at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.

THE year was ushered in by a New Year Ode, penned for a Royal ear. This was as sleepy a composition as ever found its way into St. James's. But any dull thing—whether Minister or Monkey, Poet or Poetry—is welcome there. Had it been properly stewed with two or three Cafars, it had rivalled any Ode that honest Colly ever wrote.

This melancholy affair was followed by an affair still more melancholy—The Duke of Gloucester's death. But by eight o'clock the next morning, his Royal Highness became alive again. At six the same evening he was "very ill again, and not expected to live two hours."—But the next morning he "was in perfect health."—At twelve o'clock—dead—dead—certainly. Mercers, drapers, tailors, and mantua-makers in high spirits. An Express arrives that his Highness is alive, and in perfect health. Mercers, drapers, tailors, and mantua-makers, very low.—But it must be confessed in favour of the news-mongers, that if they killed his Royal Highness several times, they brought him alive several times also.

Princess Dowager—ditto.

This artificial death's play was followed by a real death—Fitzherbert. He ought to have died long ago, when he lost his homely. But it broke his heart; and, at last, (says the scandalous Chronicle) his neck.

6. A prodigious shaking of the earth is felt.—More noise than mischief.—It was an earthquake.—No, it wasn't.—The Tower was blown down. No such thing, (cries a second) it was the Magazines at Blackheath—Perfect—Woolwich—No, no—It was the Powder-Mills at Hounslow. Zounds! it played the Devil twenty miles round it.—It blew a waggon and eight horses into the air.—Richmond-hill is run away with.—It was felt at Bristol—at York—at Newcastle—at Carlisle—Oh! these rogues of News-mongers! when once they set out, there is no stopping them.

7. Garrick plays to-night—and in Hamlet too!—Away, John, (cries Lady Bab) and take places in the boxes.—Oh thou sweet little fellow of a Tragedian, I must see thee murdered once more. "Every place taken a month ago."—Unlucky! When does he play again? "On Friday."—Fly to the box-keeper. "Every place taken a month ago."—Distracted!—When does he play again?—"On Monday."—Like lightning, away. "Every place taken a month ago."—Heavens! my stars! horrors! and confusion!—Damnation! (cries another disappointed one) David, this is not well done. David, there is foul play here—David, look about thee.

12. Wonderful things going on at Stockwell! Such hoop-ing, leaping, and jumping, among plates, candlesticks, bottles of rum, and legs of mutton, was never before heard of. What the devil can it be?—Why, the Devil, to be sure.—The Devil! no, it was Jonas—Jonas!—no, it was the Devil.—The Devil!—no, it was Jonas.—Phaw! phaw! phaw! it was the powder-mills, to be sure. They blew up three days, indeed, before this happened; but what of that?

18. The Queen's Birth-day. Nothing at Court but French stuff, French silks—French every thing. To celebrate the Birth-day of an English Queen in French dresses, is perfectly consistent with the present race of English Nobility.—But I had forgot—our Queen is Queen of France as well as of England.

22. The Parliament meets. A certain speech lulled them into a sound sleep the first day, in which they have continued ever since. For the good of the nation, may they continue in it to the end of the session!—Noxious animals are always most harmless when asleep.

24. Mr. Wilkes got a Silver Cup from the City.—It was using the Patriot but indifferently to give him an empty cup, and nothing to fill it.—A hoghead of French wine would have made an excellent companion to it.—A hint to the next Court of Common Council!

25. Orders for Mourning; and

27. The Pantheon opens. Was ever any thing so unlucky? Laces, velvets, tissues, and brocades—all, all, must lie at home. But then jewels may be wore—that's some comfort.—And then mourning need not prevent folks from doing what folks please leering, ogling, simpering, whispering, squeezing, intriguing, and cozening.—Oh! lovely! lovely! rapturous! delicious!

30. A packet from Denmark. But I will not open this packet till my next.

The Speech of the ingenious, patriotic JOHN WILKES, at the last Meeting at the London Tavern.

WOULD you treat Spain with red-hot shots,
Fill Chatham with rebellious plots,
And rid Old England of all Scots,

This is the time.

Would you our Sovereign disabuse,
And make his Parliaments of use,
You'd change them now like dirty shoes,

This is the time.

Would you extirpate branch and root,
Shake from the Tree the Tory fruit;
For to annihilate John Butts,

This is the time.

Would you on pension'd Scoundrels trample,
Take Ireland for your great example,
Where Jerry Dyson is a sample,

This is the time.

Would you once bless the English nation,
You must destroy lewd fornication,
And yet encourage procreation,

This is the time.

Would you of better fortune brag,
Let German rule who cannot lag,
Let Cumberland too hoist his flag,

This is the time.

Would you now calstrate every worth,
Let each Scotch Locust migrate forth,
To feed from out the hands of North,

This is the time.

St. George's fields you must remember,
The King's brother, and Brentford Membr.,
To broil him, pull up every ember,

This is the time.

There was a pretty piece of work,
The death of our great Chancellor York,—
Fraile Junius,—but doubt Edmund Burke,

This is the time.

Your navy now can never fail,
You'll have them ready to set sail,
While North's the head, and Pitt's the tail,

O brave time.

THE MOON AND HER MOTHER.

MOTHER, I want a Gown: This quite worn out;
See how it hangs about me like a Clout,
Says Luna to her Mother. Child, replies
The Dame, how can I get one to thy Size?
Thou'rt so accusom'd different Shapes to borrow;
Is this To-day, what shall we do To-morrow?

SOUTH-CAROLINA
The PRESENTMENTS

Of the GRAND-JURORS for the Body of this Province, at a Court of General Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Affize and general Goal Delivery, begun and holden at CHARLES-TOWN, on Monday the 20th of April, 1772.

WE present JOSEPH COFFELL, Constable, in the District between the Waters of Saluda and Broad River, as being guilty of evil Practices in the Execution of his Office, as well as in assuming greater Authority than a Constable has a Right to do:—On the Information of Charles King, James Ford, and John Spurzen.

DAVID DEAS, Foreman.	(L.S.)
THOMAS SMITH,	(L.S.)
DANIEL HEYWARD,	(L.S.)
GEORGE LOGAN,	(L.S.)
ROBERT ROWAND,	(L.S.)
NATHANIEL BULLINE,	(L.S.)
JOHN MATTHEWS,	(L.S.)
WILLIAM PRICE,	(L.S.)
ISAAC HUGER,	(L.S.)
JOHN DAWSON,	(L.S.)
WILLIAM FLUD,	(L.S.)
JOHN MCCALL, junior.	(L.S.)
FRANCIS GUERIN,	(L.S.)

IN the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, &c. 30th of April, 1772, the above Presentment of the Grand Jury being taken into Consideration: IT IS ORDERED, That Joseph Coffell, be forthwith struck off the List of Constables.

By the Court,

JAMES JOHNSTON, C. C. & P.

New Advertisements.

STRAYED some Time since, out of the Road near Mr. Poffall's Plantation, on this Side of Ashpo-bridge, a dark bay HORSE, about fourteen Hands high, branded on the off Buttock G R; if he has any other Brand it is a 3 and an H.—Whoever delivers the above Horse to the Subscriber, or gives Information where he is, shall receive a Reward of TEN POUNDS, from

SAMUEL GREVILLE.

TOLLED before me, by Nicholas Yem, a black pyed steer, 5 years old, marked in the right ear with a crop, an upper and an under keel, and in the left ear with a slit underneath, branded W, and something else not to be made out.

By Adam Westone, an iron grey gelding, with a long star and snip, a grey tail, three white feet, about 13 hands and a half high, about 8 years old, branded on the mounting shoulder J.

By Henry Westone, a yellow bay gelding, with some saddle spots, a natural pacer, about 14 hands high, seven years old, branded on the mounting shoulder I, and mounting buttock R.

The owners of the said strays must prove their property at Orangeburgh, before

LEWIS GOLSAN, J. P.

THE undermentioned STRAYS have been taken up and tolled before me by the following persons, viz.

By Mr. John Miles, a chefnut sorrel mare, about 14 hands high, a few white hairs in her forehead, branded on the mounting buttock B-S; taken up by him at his range at Toogodo, where he has kept for these three years past, no person in his neighbourhood claiming her.

By Edward Wallace, of Charles-Town Neck, a brown bay gelding, about 13 hands and a half high, a large blaze down his face, a blotched brand on the off shoulder, his back much galled, his sides and breast bears the marks of old galls by traces.

By Isaac Ferree, a blackish brown or mouse-coloured gelding, aged, about 13 hands and a half high, an old scar on his near thigh, his near hind foot and part of his hoof white, branded on the off buttock something like W E, but his old hair not being shed, it cannot be sufficiently distinguished so as to be made out; taken up as a stray in the old fields near Ashley ferry, where said gelding has been upwards of twelve months past.

The owners may apply to, and prove their property in Charles-Town, before

WILLIAM MASON, J. P.

LEGER & GREENWOOD,

Take the Liberty (through this Channel) to acquaint their Friends in General,

They have imported in the UNION, Captain COOMBS, from

L O N D O N,

A VARIETY OF ARTICLES,

(Many from the first Hand)

Necessary for the present Season:

Which they purpose supplying them with on their usual good Terms:

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

HEAD Lace;	Men's Silk Stockings;
Blond Ditto;	Silk Breeches Pieces;
Pearl and Hanover Ditto;	Satin, Persian, and Durant
Fashionable Stuffs for Waist-	quilted Petticoats;
coats;	Very fine white Chip Hats;
Silk Patterns for Ditto;	Cane Ditto;
Casimires;	Silk Liberty Hats and Feathers,
Princes Stuffs;	Boy's Thinner Whimsy Ditto,
Serge and corded Duroys;	with Ditto;
A few plain Silks and brown	Brocade and Sattin Pumps;
Taffaties;	Mahogany Cisterns;
A great Variety of Ribbons;	Mahogany oval Cooling Tubs;
Plain and flowered Mullins;	Toilet Glasses;
Yard-wide & 6-4 Book Ditto;	Neat Boxes for Ditto;
Gauzes;	A Variety of different sized neat
White Thread Red-Fringe and	Wilton Carpets;
Taffets;	Lift Carpeting;
A Variety of printed Linens	Horse Hair Ditto;
and Calicoes;	Horse Hair Chair Seating;
India Chints and Gingham;	Best blue Rainfairs;
Mens, Womens, Boys, & Girl's	Almonds in the Shell, &c. &c.
Thread & Cotton Stockings;	
A Variety of Manchester CHECKS, and a few Half Chests	
of BOHEA-TEA, they will sell very low, for Cash.	

ANCRUMS & CHIFFELLE,

Have imported in the UNION, from LONDON,

A neat Assortment of GOODS:

Amongst which are,

TWO very handsome fashionable Brocades, and a most beautiful white Sattin striped and figured Luteffring; very neat brocaded Shoes; black Sattin Ditto; red Morocco Leather Ditto.—A large Assortment of fashionable Ribbons:—A Variety of Glass Candlesticks; India Glass Shades; Pint Decanters, &c. &c.

JOHN WEBB

At his Store near the NEW EXCHANGE, Has received by the Captains COOMBS and MASKALL, from

L O N D O N,

A GREAT VARIETY

OF

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS:

WHICH

(With his LATE IMPORTATIONS)

Make his Assortment very complete; which he is determined to dispose of on the most MODERATE Terms.

Among other ARTICLES are,

A VARIETY of handsome (and of the newest Fashion) English and India plain and striped Taffaties and Persians; very neat India Chints, at 13d. per Piece—printed Ditto, from 5d. to 11d. per Piece, which are remarkably cheap, and very handsome; plain and flowered Mullins; Mullin Handkerchiefs, with white and coloured Silk Borders; flowered Luteffrings, 3-4ths striped and plain Mantuas, at 50s. per Yard, Cash; India Nankeens; blue and white, and red and white Copper-Plate Linens and Calicoes; brown Hollands; Diapers; 3-4th, 6-4th, and 8-4th Tabling Heckaback; Ravens Duck; dyed and white Russia Drabs.—AN ASSORTMENT of Irish Linens, as cheap as any in the Province, being bought of the first Hands; Scotch and Irish Osnaburgs; coloured Persians, and white Ditto with Sattin Stripes, Silk Mozeens, and Bordettes, for Men's Waistcoats; Hofs's London made Pumps; Dressing Tables, with Drawers; best Three-stranded Seine Twine; blue and white Thread Pavilion Gauze; Sagathies and Durants; buff and black Casimires; dyed Jeans and Fuffians; fine Yard and Ell-wide Cotton Loom Quilting for Ladies Petticoats; fine black Princes Stuff; Matraffes; Port-manteau Trunks; Pickles; Sweet-Oil, in Quart and Pint Bottles; Men's fashionable Hats; Hosiery, very cheap, with a Variety of other Articles usually imported.—Exceeding fine Hyson Tea, at 5d. 10s. per Pound; Oronoko Tobacco, at 12s. 6d. London Loaf-Sugar, at 5s. per Pound; with Jamaica and Barbados Rum; Wine; Muscovado Sugar; Salt, &c.

Those who are pleased to favour him with their Orders, may depend on being served on the best Terms, and with the greatest Assiduity.

NOW OPENING,

At the Subscriber's STORE opposite the NEW EXCHANGE,

A full Assortment of Goods,

Calculated to suit the present Season,

Which he has imported by the Captains COOMBS and MASKALL, from

L O N D O N;

A few of which it may be proper here to particularize, viz. SEVERAL complete Sets of Glasses for Side-Boards, elegantly cut and flowered, with the fashionable Quantity of Pint Decanters to each Set; India Candle Shades; striped India Taffaties; a Variety of English Ditto, of an entire new Manufactory, beautiful Figures, and cheap;—a very large Assortment of India Chints, bordered and plain, some of the latter uncommonly fine, and extra Lengths; China Pickle-Sauces; Crow coloured Mantuas, quite free of Spots, with several Dozens of black Silk Trimmings for Ditto, very much the Fashion at present;—Great Variety of Ribbons, Sash and Sarfettes, Thread and Blond Edgings of all Prices, double and edged Thread Lappet Laces, Ladies white Morocco and finest black Russel Pumps, white Holland-Gloves branched, Silk Gauze Handkerchiefs, with coloured Borders; Loom quilting for Petticoats, large Cotton Marseilles Bed Covers; Boys black and blue Sattin Hats, with Gold Bands; whimsy Hats; fresh Pickles, among which are the green and white Mangoes; Wo-mens and Girls Ticken turned Stays, crimson and blue Coven-ants, &c. &c. The above will be sold at a moderate Advance.

WILLIAM DOUGHTY.

ATKINSON & SYKES,

At their Store near the NEW EXCHANGE, Have imported in the CAROLINA MERCHANT, Captain WIL-

LIAM MASKALL, from LONDON,

AN ASSORTMENT

OF

European & East-India Goods,

CONSISTING of fashionable Silks, Taffaties, Persians, Chints, Calicoes, Book-Mullins, Ell and Yard-wide Cambricks, Table-Cloths; China in Sets and Pieces; Gold and Silver Embroidery; India Cotton, and Needles for Tombour Work; HOSIERY, both Cotton, Silk, and Thread, of various Sizes; Paris-Net Gauze, and white Silk bordered Gauze Handkerchiefs; Marseilles Coating and Bed-Quilts; Osnaburgs; Bohea Tea, Loaf-Sugar, &c. &c.

Their Assortment for the Summer Season will be faithfully completed by the Portland, Captain Wilson, who is expected in two Weeks: Which, agreeable to their settled Plan of Business, will continue to be sold on the most reasonable Terms.

N. B. A few Half Pipes of three Years old Madera Wine, of excellent Quality—a few Puncheons of Jamaica Rum, and their general Stock of Northward Articles, continued to be sold as usual.

John Cox, & Stephen Prosser,

Having entered into CO-PARTNERSHIP,

Acquaint their Friends,

That they have opened STORE where the late Messrs. Robert McCloed & Co. lived at Stony-Creek,

AND HAVE AN

ASSORTMENT OF GOODS,

Suitable to the COUNTRY:

AMONG WHICH ARE,

GARLIX, Dowlas, Irish Linens, Sheetting Ditto, Checks, Holland Stripes, Cambrick, Clear Lawn, Pistol Ditto, printed Calicoes and Linens, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, black Barcelona Handkerchiefs and Cravats, Thread, Tape, Sewing Silk and Needles, Jeans, Sagathies, Russia Drab, Clouting Diaper and Table-Cloths, Padlocks, Worsted and Thread Hofs, Men's and Women's Gloves, Bed-Cords, Copper Tea-Kettles, Spices of all Kinds, Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Plains, Flannel, Tobacco and Pipes, Men's Beaver Hats, Men's and Boy's Felt Ditto, Mustard, Hoes and Iron Pots, Stone Plates and Dishes, Men's and Women's Leather Shoes and Pumps, Women's Calimanco Ditto, Osnabrug, Gun-Powder and Shot, Nails, Salt, Rum, &c. &c.

Charles-Town: Printed by POWELL,

HUGHES, & Co. at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.